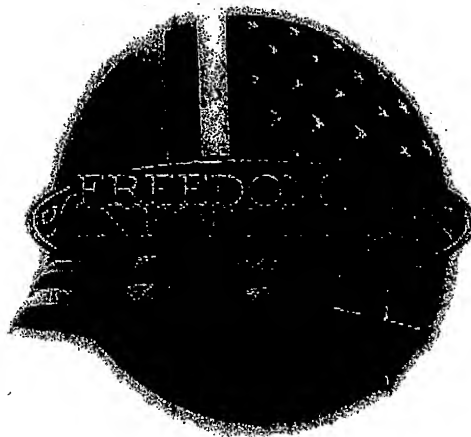


FREEDOM OF INFORMATION
AND
PRIVACY ACTS

Subject: Julius Rosenberg

File Number: 65-15348

Section: 45



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT Julius Rosenberg

FILE NO. 65-15348

VOLUME NO. 45

SERIALS 1924

thru

1996

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1924	2/29/52	NY REPORT TO BUREAU	113	-	YES	BUREAU - 58236-1258
1925	2/29/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED THIRD PARTY	2	1	YES	7d pg. 102 Process
1926	2/26/52	SF LETTER TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BUFFLE 65-58236-1236
1927	3/3/52	COMPLAINT FORM (FD-71)	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1928	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO PASSPORT DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1929	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO PASSPORT DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1930	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO PASSPORT DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1931	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO PASSPORT DIVISION, DEPARTMENT OF STATE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1932 -	3/3/52	WFO LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFFLE 65-58236-1210
1932 A	3/5/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO POSTMASTER	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1933	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO INS	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1934	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO INS	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1935	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO INS	1	1	no	NO EXEMPTIONS
1936	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO INS	1	1	no	NO EXEMPTIONS
1937	3/3/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO INS	1	1	no	NO EXEMPTIONS
1938	3/6/52	LETTER FROM GOVT. AGENCY TO NY	1	0	no	Referral: Document
1939	3/6/52	BUREAU LETTER TO LA	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-124
1940	3/10/52	PRESS RELEASE	2	2	no	NO EXEMPTIONS
1941	3/11/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	2	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-125
1942	3/12/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	2	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-125
1943	3/12/52	NY LETTER TO PH	1	1	no	NO EXEMPTIONS
1944	1/10/52	SA MEMO TO SAC	2	2	no	TO PH
1945	3/12/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED THIRD PARTY	1	1	YES	Process b7(D)
1946	3/12/52	ASAC MEMO TO FILE	1	1	no	NO EXEMPTIONS

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77
(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1946A	3/12/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1947	3/12/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED NCSJRC	4	4	YES	Process NO EXEMPTIONS
1948	3/13/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED NCSJRC	1	1	YES	Process NO EXEMPTIONS
1949	3/10/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1950	3/13/52	SAC MEMO TO FILE	1	1		TD
1951	3/14/52	SE MEMO TO FILE	4	4		NO EXEMPTIONS
1952	3/15/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	4	4		NO EXEMPTIONS
1953	3/13/52	PH LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1257
1954	3/14/52	NK LETTER TO NY	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1955	3/13/52	PRESS RELEASE	4	4		NO EXEMPTIONS
1955A	3/14/52	NK LETTER TO NY	2	2		b7D P. 1-2
1956	3/18/52	BUREAU LETTER TO NY	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1261

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77

(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1957	3/18/52	NK LETTER TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BURFILE 65-58236-1259
1958	3/20/52	WFO TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BURFILE 65-58236-1277
1958A	3/21/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	✓d CORRECT FILE 10-10-78 BURFILE 65-58236-1268
1959	3/21/52	BA LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BURFILE 65-58236-1260
1959A	3/24/52	NK LETTER TO BUREAU	1		YES	Process TC
1960	3/24/52	BUREAU LETTER TO SF	2	-	YES	BURFILE 65-58236-1239
1961	3/26/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	NO EXEMPTIONS
1962	3/26/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED NCSJRC	2	2	YES	70 PG 1, PG 2 1st LINE LAST PARA 72 PG 2 LINE 2 LAST PARA.
1963	3/28/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO U.S.A., S.O.N.Y.	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1964	3/24/52	SF LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	✓d FILE 10-10-78 BURFILE 65-58236-1267
1965	3/31/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED UNSUB: UNKNOWN CONSULTANT, ASWAN DAM	4	4	YES	NO EXEMPTIONS Process
1966	3/31/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED THIRD PARTY	3	3	YES	70 PG 1, 2 Process

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

File No: 65-15348

Re:

JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date:

10/77

(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1967	4/1/52	NK LETTER TO BUREAU	5	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1269
1968	4/1/52	RH LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1270
1969	4/3/52	LETTER FROM THIRD PARTY TO NY	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1970	4/2/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1		7d
1971	4/3/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1276
1972	4/4/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO POSTMASTER	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1973	4/7/52	LETTER FROM GOVT AGENCY TO NY	1	0	NO	Referral document
1974	4/8/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	2	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1281
1975	4/8/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1283
1976	4/8/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED UNSUB; UNKNOWN CONSULTANT, ASWAN DAM	3	3	YES	NO EXEMPTIONS Process
1977	4/11/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	6	6		7d PM, PARA. 1, 7d2 PARA 2 7c PM, PARA. 1, 7d2 PARA 2
1978	4/14/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1282

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

24 13

VOLUME

45

REVIEWED BY

Jung

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77

(month/year)

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1979	4/15/52	BUREAU LETTER TO PH	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1269
1980	4/21/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BUFILE 101-2483-1005
1981	4/25/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BUFILE 101-2483-1008
1982	4/23/52	LA LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1273
1983	4/26/52	NK TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED CPUSA, DISTRICT 14, NEWARK	1	1	YES	Process NO EXEMPTIONS
1984	5/13/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO POSTMASTER	1	1	N/A	NO EXEMPTIONS
1985	5/3/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED UNSUB, UNKNOWN CONSULTANT, ASWAN DAM	4	4	YES	Process NO EXEMPTIONS
1986	5/5/52	CU REPORT TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1284
1987	5/6/52	LETTER FROM GOVT AGENCY TO NY	1	0	N/A	Referral document
1988	5/17/52	SA MEMO TO FILE	1	1	N/A	TO PH
1989		NOT IN FILE - CLERICAL SERIALIZATION ERROR				
1990	5/14/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	2	-	YES	BUFILE 101-2483-1010

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

FBI/DOJ

Date: 10/77
(month/year)

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Serial	Date	Description (Type of communication, to, from)	No. of Pages		*	Exemptions used or, to whom referred (Identify statute if (b)(3) cited)
			Actual	Released		
1990 A	5/14/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED JAHAM	1	1	YES	Process NO EXEMPTIONS
1990 B	5/13/52	AT LETTER TO BUREAU	1	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1288
1991		NOT IN FILE - CLERICAL SERIALIZATION ERROR				
1992	5/16/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	2	-	YES	BUFILE 101-2483-101
1992 A	5/16/52	INS INTRA-OFFICE MEMO	1	-		REFERRAL
1993	5/21/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU CAPTIONED THIRD PARTY	3	3	YES	b7D - Pg 1, 2 Process
1994	5/26/52	NY TELETYPE TO BUREAU CAPTIONED CRC	1	1	YES	NO EXEMPTIONS Process
1995	5/28/52	NY LETTER TO BUREAU	3	-	YES	BUFILE 65-58236-1292
1995 X	6/2/52	SAC, NY LETTER TO POSTMASTER	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1995 A	5/28/52	SF REPORT TO BUREAU CAPTIONED NLSURC	9	9	YES	7a pg 1 PAGE 1 7a pg 4 LINES 2, 3, 4, 7, 22, 26 7a pg 3 PAGE 2 7a pg 4 LINES 3, 6, 8, 10, 13, 16, 21, 23 24, 29, 30, 31 7D pg 2 PAGE 5, P 3 LINES 2-3
1995 B	6/2/52	SAC MEMO TO FILE	1	1		NO EXEMPTIONS
1995 C	5/28/52	COMPLAINT FORM FD-71	2	2		NO EXEMPTIONS

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

File No: 65-15348

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG

Date: 10/77
(month/year)

[illegible]

*Designated to or from Bureau and/or Albuquerque

Volume No. 45File No. 65-15348

DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION

Rosenberg Et. AL.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1924	2/29/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1925	2/29/52	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to protect the identities of and information furnished by a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source. In addition, the release of this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
1926	2/26/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1927	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1928	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1929	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1930	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1931	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1932	3/3/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1932a	3/5/52	No exemptions were cited.
1933	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1934	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1935	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1936	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1937	3/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1938	3/6/52	<i>THIS SERIAL IS A REFERRAL DOCUMENT.</i>
1939	3/6/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1940	3/10/52	No exemptions were cited.
1941	3/11/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1942	3/12/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1943	3/12/52	No exemptions were cited.
1944	1/10/52	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on page 1 to protect the identities of sources for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identities of the sources.
1945	3/12/52	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on page 1 to protect the identity of and information furnished by a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source. In addition, the designation of an informant symbol was withheld on this page to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. The release of this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
1946	3/12/52	No exemptions were cited.
1946a	3/12/52	No exemptions were cited.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1947	3/12/52	No exemptions were cited.
1948	3/13/52	No exemptions were cited.
1949	3/10/52	No exemptions were cited.
1950	3/13/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
1951	3/14/52	No exemptions were cited.
1952	3/15/52	No exemptions were cited.
1953	3/13/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1954	3/14/52	No exemptions were cited.
1955	3/13/52	No exemptions were cited.
1955a	3/14/52	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to protect the identity of a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.
1956	3/18/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1957	3/18/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1958	3/20/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1958a	3/21/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1959	3/21/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1959a	3/24/52	(b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 1 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
1960	3/24/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1961	3/26/52	No exemptions were cited.
1962	3/26/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 1 and the first line of the last paragraph on page 2 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source. (b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 2 second line of the last paragraph to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
1963	3/28/52	No exemptions were cited.
1964	3/24/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1965	3/31/52	No exemptions were cited.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1966	3/31/52	(b) (7) (D) - This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to protect the identity of and information furnished by a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source. In addition, the designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
1967	4/1/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1968	4/1/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1969	4/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1970	4/2/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.
1971	4/3/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1972	4/4/52	No exemptions were cited.
1973	4/7/52	<i>THIS SERIAL IS A REFERRAL DOCUMENT.</i>
1974	4/8/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1975	4/8/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1976	4/8/52	No exemptions were cited.
1977	4/11/52	(b) (7) (C) - File character prefixes were withheld on page 1 to the extent that release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. (b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld from the first line of the first paragraph on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source. This exemption was cited on page 2 to protect information furnished by a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.
1978	4/14/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1979	4/15/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1980	4/21/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1981	4/25/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1982	4/23/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1983	4/26/52	No exemptions were cited.
1984	5/3/52	No exemptions were cited.
1985	5/3/52	No exemptions were cited.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1986	5/5/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1987	5/6/52	<i>THIS SERIAL IS A REFERRAL DOCUMENT.</i>
1988	5/7/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 1 to protect the identity of a source who has been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would compromise the further effectiveness of the source.
1989	--	This serial is not in file; clerical serialization error.
1990	5/14/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1990a	5/14/52	No exemptions were cited.
1990b	5/13/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1991	--	This serial is not in file; clerical serialization error.
1992	5/16/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1992a	5/16/52	This serial was referred to another Government agency.
1993	5/21/52	(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on line 4 page 1 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of the source. This exemption was cited on pages 1 and 2 to protect the identity of and information furnished by a source for which an expressed or implied promise of confidentiality has been given. The release of this information would disclose the identity of the source.

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
1994	5/26/52	No exemptions were cited.
1995	5/28/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.
1995x	6/2/52	No exemptions were cited.
1995a	5/28/52	<p>(b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 1 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 2 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p> <p>(b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 3 last line paragraph 3 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of an informant symbol was withheld on page 3 last line paragraph 3 first line paragraph 4 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of this source.</p> <p>(b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 4 lines 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 22 and 26 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of informant symbols were withheld on page 4 lines 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 16, 21, 23, 28 29, 30 and 31 to protect the identity of a source who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this infor-</p>

Volume No. 45File No. 65-15348

DOCUMENT JUSTIFICATION

Rosenberg Et. AL

Serial Number	Date of Serial	DELETION (S)
		<p>mation would also compromise the further effectiveness of these sources.</p> <p>(b) (7) (C) - The political affiliation of a third party was withheld on page 5 lines 1, 16 and 21 to the extent that the release of this information would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of informant symbols were withheld on page 5 lines 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 and 22 to protect the identity of sources who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of these sources.</p> <p>(b) (7) (D) - The designation of informant symbols were withheld on pages 6, 7, 8, and 9 to protect the identity of sources who had been assured of complete confidentiality. To release this information would also compromise the further effectiveness of these sources.</p>
1995b	6/2/52	No exemptions were cited.
1995c	5/28/52	No exemptions were cited.
1996	6/3/52	This serial was previously processed as shown on the Inventory Worksheet.

U. S. Department of Justice

MATERIAL MUST NOT BE REMOVED FROM OR ADDED TO THIS FILE

FEDERAL BUREAU

of

INVESTIGATION

Bureau File Number

*Do not furnish information
from this file to any
outside agency without
authorization of Section 33*

also Nos.

*No information from this
file should be made the
subject matter of a report,
memo or any correspondence
in another investigation
without clearance
from section 33.*

CLASSIFICATION NO.

Serial 175348

Volume Number

Director, FBI

February 29, 1952

SAC, New York (66-6309)

[REDACTED]

Informant has been in contact with this office two or three times a week since January 28, 1952. He has advised that he has been sick and has been unable to get in contact with EMANUEL BLOCH. He stated that on February 18, 1952 he called BLOCH at his home and was told by BLOCH'S wife to go to the office of the National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGS at 246 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Informant stated he visited this office on February 19, 1952 and met a Mrs. JEAN PENNINGTON. He stated that the office of the committee is in Room 441. He described Mrs. PENNINGTON as about 50 years of age with gray hair and believed that she lived down in Greenwich Village. PENNINGTON did not know that BLOCH had sent him but when informant offered his services she readily accepted the same since he was a friend of BLOCH. Informant described the office as very small and cluttered and Mrs. PENNINGTON seemed to be the only person that they had fully employed. She advised that they had had an executive meeting at the Polish Workers Club on West 34th Street the previous night. She stated that they were very short handed on the committee and that every person they approached to assist refused them and only offered money contributions. She advised then that every Wednesday night an executive meeting was held at the home of DAVE and EMILY ALMAN, Apartment 8E, 20 Monroe Street, Knickerbocker Village. The ALMAN'S phone number is BE 3-5422.

PENNINGTON told informant that DAVE ALMAN was the publicity chairman and that his wife EMILY was the provisional treasurer.

When informant was leaving PENNINGTON, she gave him seven bundles of literature to mail to the following persons:

✓ cc-NY 65-15348
NY 100-107111

JAH: NHK

65-15348-1925

Letter to Bureau
NY 66-6309

One bundle to SOPHIE DAVIDSON
515 West 41st Place
Los Angeles, California.

One bundles HERBERT MONTE-LEVY, ESQ.
American Civil Liberties
170 Fifth Avenue
New York City.

Three bundles Progressive Party
930 F Street Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Two bundles Civil Rights Congress
Box 695
Minneapolis, Minnesota

PENNINGTON advised informant that she had recently been to Los Angeles because of the death of her father.

Informant advised that he was unable to [redacted] February 22, 1952 [redacted] ROSENBERGS because informant's [redacted] Informant stated that he would visit the next executive meeting to be held at the home of DAVE and EVELY ALMAN and advise this office of this contact.

The Bureau will be advised of further contact with informant.



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

FD-71
(7-30-45)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO

FILE NO. _____

COMPLAINT FORM

Rosenberg Case
Subject's Name and Aliases

Address of Subject

Espionage - R
Character of Case

MYLES MALONEY

Name of Complainant

10 MONROE ST. N.Y.C.

Address of Complainant

RE 45534

Telephone Number of Complainant

3/3/52 11:20 PM

Date and Time Complaint Received

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT:

FACTS OF COMPLAINT:

Maloney appeared personally and advised that one unknown male individual who "was with Rosenberg when Rosenberg studied chemistry" was seen entering apt 4E at 10 Monroe St, N.Y.C.

Maloney feels occupants of apt 4E are hooked up with Rosenberg case

Maloney was slightly inebriated and refused to furnish any further information, but can probably be recontacted at more opportune time.

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

⑥ no action
JFK

65-15378-1927

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
MAR 11 1952
Special Agent

Harrington

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

65-5521

Mrs. Ruth B. Shipley
Chief
Passport Division
Department of State
Winder Building
17th and F Streets, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Shipley:

In conjunction with an official investigation being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, this Office is desirous of being informed in the event that Henry Nathan Shoiket communicates with your office pertaining to passport matters.

Shoiket was born April 12, 1918, at Simferopol, Crimea, Russia. He acquired United States citizenship on his father's papers. His father's name is Nathan Shoiket, who was born in Russia. Shoiket resides at 23-67 63rd Street, Brooklyn, New York. His occupation is Draftsman. He is 5' 4" tall, 160 lbs. and has brown eyes and brown hair.

In the event that Mr. Shoiket makes application for a passport, it would be appreciated if you would immediately notify this Office. Your cooperation in this matter is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HP:ian

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-4922

65-15348-1928

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~~SECURITY INFORMATION~~ - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

65-5521

Mrs. Ruth B. Shipley
Chief
Passport Division
Department of State
Winder Building
17th and F Streets, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Shipley:

In conjunction with an official investigation being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, this Office is desirous of being informed in the event that Philip Marston Saloff, aka Philip Marston Salaff, communicates with your office pertaining to passport matters.

Mr. Saloff was born September 10, 1910, at Stamford, Connecticut. He is employed at the Printex Corporation of America, 34 State Street, Ossining, New York. He resides at 79 Old Post Road North, Croton-on-Hudson, New York. He formerly resides at 38 Mead Avenue, Springdale, Connecticut. His wife's name is Sylvia. His father, Meyer Saloff, was born in Russia.

In the event that Saloff makes application for passport, it would be appreciated if you would immediately notify this Office. Your cooperation in this matter is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HF:iam

cc - New York (65-15348),
WFO 66-4922

65-15348-1929

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~~SECURITY INFORMATION~~ - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mrs. Ruth B. Shipley
Chief
Passport Division
Department of State
Winder Building
17th and F Streets, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Shipley:

In conjunction with an official investigation being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, this Office is desirous of being informed in the event that Edward James Weinstein, aka James Weinstein, communicates with your office pertaining to passport matters.

Weinstein was born July 17, 1926, at New York City. His father, Joseph Weinstein and his mother, Barbara Weinstein, reside at 2011 Central Park West, New York City. Edward James Weinstein resides at 418 East Ninth Street, New York City, and is employed by David Bogen Company, New York, New York.

In the event that Weinstein makes application for passport, it would be appreciated if you would immediately notify this Office. Your cooperation in this matter is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HF:iam

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-4922

65-15348 - 1930

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65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mrs. Ruth B. Shipley
Chief
Passport Division
Department of State
Winder Building
17th and F Streets, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Shipley:

In connection with an official investigation being conducted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation, this Office is desirous of being informed in the event Arthur Barr communicates with your office pertaining to passport matters.

Arthur Barr is 38 years old and was born at Brooklyn, New York. His last known address was 601 West 20th Street, New York City, and he was employed by the Barco Press, 20 West 22nd Street, New York, New York. He is six feet tall, weighs 145 lbs., has black hair and is slender built.

In the event Mr. Barr makes application for passport, it would be appreciated if you would immediately notify this Office. Your cooperation in this matter is sincerely appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HF:iam

cc New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-4922

65-15348-1931

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65-15348

607 U.S. Court House
Foley Square
New York 7, New York

March 5, 1952

Honorable Albert Goldman

Postmaster Office
33rd St. & 8th Ave.
New York 1, N.Y.

Dear Sir:

renewed
XXXXXXXX

In connection with an investigation being conducted by this Bureau, it is requested that a cover be placed on all mail, including special delivery and registered mail, of the following for a period of ~~thirty days~~ ^{thirty days}:

LENA COHEN
140 Baruch Place
New York 2, N.Y.

x

☐ return cards

☐ tracings

Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD SCHEIDT

Special Agent in Charge

JH:JM

65-15348-1932A

65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mr. W. F. Kelley
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Enforcement Division
Department of Justice
19th and East Capitol Streets
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. W. W. Wiggins

Dear Sir:

It is requested that your office place a lookout notice in your files for an indefinite period at all ports of entry and departure of the United States on Nathan Sussman, who is described as follows:

Born:	May 5, 1918
Age:	33
Residence:	43-09 47th Avenue, Queens, New York
Employment:	Engineer, Telco Electronics, 37 East 18th Street, New York City

Sussman is at present believed to be within the Continental United States. In the event your office obtains any information concerning the departure of Sussman from the United States, it would be appreciated if you would advise the nearest office of the FBI and at the same time, notify that office that the New York Office of the FBI is particularly interested in Sussman. Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HP:iam

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-1922

cc in 65-15599

65-15348-1733

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65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mr. W. F. Kelley
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Enforcement Division
Department of Justice
19th and East Capitol Streets
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. W. W. Wiggins

Dear Sir:

It is requested that your office place a lookout notice in your files for an indefinite period at all ports of entry and departure of the United States on Edward James Weinstein, aka James Weinstein, who is described as follows:

Born:	July 17, 1926, New York City
Age:	25
Residence:	418 East 9th Street, New York City
Father:	Joseph Weinstein
Mother:	Barbara Weinstein, 211 Central Park West, New York City
Employment:	David Bogen Company, New York City

Weinstein is at present believed to be within the Continental United States. In the event your office obtains any information concerning the departure of Weinstein from the United States, it would be appreciated if you would advise the nearest office of the FBI and at the same time, notify that office that the New York Office of the FBI is particularly interested in Weinstein. Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HF:IAM

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-1922

cc - 65-15348

65-15348-1934

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65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mr. W. F. Kelley
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Enforcement Division
Department of Justice
19th and East Capitol Streets
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. W. W. Wiggins

Dear Sir:

It is requested that your office place a lookout notice in your files for an indefinite period at all ports of entry and departure of the United States on Henry Nathan Shoiket, who is described as follows:

Born:	April 12, 1918, Simferopol, Crimea, Russia
Citizenship:	United States, on father's papers
Residence:	23-67 63rd Street, Brooklyn, New York
Age:	33
Employment:	Draftsman, New York City
Marital status:	Single
Father:	Nathan, born in Russia
Mother:	Rachel, born in Russia
Height:	5' 4"
Weight:	160 lbs.
Hair:	Brown
Eyes:	Brown, wears glasses
Complexion:	Swarthy

Shoiket is at present believed to be within the Continental United States. In the event your office obtains any information concerning the departure of Shoiket from the United States, it would be appreciated if you would advise the nearest office of the FBI and at the same time, notify that office that the New York Office of the FBI is particularly interested in Shoiket. Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

65-15348-11935

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HP:iam

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-1922

cc - 100-99911

65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mr. W. F. Kelley
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Enforcement Division
Department of Justice
19th and East Capitol Streets, Northeast
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. W. W. Wiggins

Dear Sir:

It is requested that your office place a lookout notice in your files for an indefinite period at all ports of entry and departure of the United States on Arthur Barr, who is described as follows:

Age:	38
Born:	Brooklyn, New York
Residence:	601 West 20th Street, New York City
Employment:	Artist with Barco Press, 20 West 22nd Street, New York City
Height:	6' 0"
Weight:	145 lbs.
Hair:	Black
Build:	Slim

Barr is at present believed to be within the Continental United States. In the event your office obtains any information concerning the departure of Barr from the United States, it would be appreciated if you would advise the nearest office of the FBI and at the same time, notify that office that the New York Office of the FBI is particularly interested in Barr. Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HF:iam

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-1922

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65-5521

Washington Field Office, Room 506
March 3, 1952

Mr. W. F. Kelley
Immigration and Naturalization Service
Enforcement Division
Department of Justice
19th and East Capitol Streets
Washington, D. C.

Attention: Mr. W. W. Wiggins

Dear Sir:

It is requested that your office place a lookout notice in your files for an indefinite period at all ports of entry and departure of the United States on Philip Marston Saloff, aka Philip Marston Salaff, who is described as follows:

Born:	September 10, 1910 Stamford, Connecticut
Age:	41
Employed:	Plant superintendent, Printex Corporation of America, 34 State Street, Ossining, New York
Residence:	79 Old Post Road North, Croton-on-Hudson New York
Former residence:	38 Mead Avenue Springdale, Connecticut
Wife:	Sylvia
Father:	Meyer Saloff, born in Russia
Mother:	Fannie Shenk

Saloff is at present believed to be within the Continental United States. In the event your office obtains any information concerning the departure of Saloff from the United States, it would be appreciated if you would advise the nearest office of the FBI and at the same time, notify that office that the New York Office of the FBI is particularly interested in Saloff. Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

15-15348

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FBI - NEW YORK	

Very truly yours,

R. B. Hood
Special Agent in Charge

HP:iam

cc - New York (65-15348)
WFO 66-1922

65-15348-1937

cc - 65-15348

Rushmore

David Alman
Executive Secretary

APR 25 1964

246 Fifth Avenue
Room 441
New York 1, N.Y.
Murray Hill 5-2111

FOR RELEASE

MARCH 10 1952

SPONSORS

U.S. AND CANADIAN ORGANIZATIONS AMONG THOSE CALLING
FOR NEW, FAIR TRIAL IN ROSENBERG CASE

Those attending the "Truth in the Rosenberg Case" public meeting on March 12 at Ryman Hall will get a report of the tremendous number of organizations and groups in the U.S. and abroad who have called for a new trial for the Rosenbergs, now in Sing Sing death house, and for Louis Paul, sentenced to 30 years.

Untypical of the protests sent to the White House is this one from the Joint Board of Directors of Jews Upholding Conviction and Death Sentence of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. It indicates clearly that this is a case of political persecution...urge you act to revoke death sentence and to insure fair trial."

The Lakeside Unity Club of the Canadian National Federation of Labor Youth wrote the White House and the Attorney General that: "We unhesitatingly condemn... political persecution, terror and brutality, nowhere perhaps more open or biased than in the shameful sentences imposed... on Ethel and Julius Rosenberg."

The public meeting at Pythian Hall, 135 W 70th St., NYC, will begin at 8 PM, and will hear Rabbi Louis D. Gross, editor of the Jewish Examiner, Marvin Van

5-15510-12940

eminent sociologist, William L. Patterson, head of the
civil rights Congress, Mrs. Helen Sobell, wife of Morton
Sobell, Simon Federman, Chairman of the United Landman-
sharton Societies, Rev. Spencer Kennard, well known
Biblical scholar, Is. Z. Goldberg, popular Jewish journa-
list, William Reuben, crusading newspaperman who first
broke the Trenton Six Case and whose articles and pamph-
let on the Rosenberg Case have created world wide inter-
est, and Albert Kahn, internationally famous writer.

SAC, PHILADELPHIA (65-4350)

March 12, 1952

SAC, NEW YORK (65-15348)

JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Reurlet 1/24/52 setting forth interview of DAVID GREENGLASS concerning the possible relationship between ROSENBERG and MURRAY LIPP.

In view of the information developed concerning LIPP and ROSENBERG, it would appear that they were not associates or friends. Accordingly, no further interview with GREENGLASS is necessary in this regard.

184

JAH:AMF

65-15348-1943

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC (NY #65-15348)

FROM : William A. Johnson, Mineola, N.Y.

SUBJECT: ROSENBERG CASE

DATE: 1/10/52

There are being set out below the car license plate numbers of people who attended the ALP meeting in the home of EGAR J. MOORE and his wife HELEN R. MOORE, 12 Wimbledon Lane, Great Neck, N.Y., in the evening of 1/9/52. These numbers were obtained and furnished the writer by [redacted] and [redacted] of the Nassau County Police Department. [redacted] advised that approximately 80 people attended this meeting and that most cars held from two to four occupants. [redacted] further advised that MOORE is a Music Teacher.

✓ CH 2783 SARAH FILNER, 32 Hill Lane, Roslyn Heights, 1950 Studebaker sedan, aqua green, no business listed.

✓ NY 6674 PETER P MANOS 49 James St., Franklin Square, 1951 Chrysler sedan, gray 368 Hempstead Tpk, Franklin Square.

NA 3534 Retail Protective Service Inc., 46 Chevaero (truck type) maroon, Business, 421 7th Ave., N.Y.C. JOHN F. TRYER.

✓ NA 1634 SAMUEL GRUBER, 10 Linden St., Great Neck, N.Y. 1941 Dodge sedan, blue, 15 Park Rowe, N.Y.C.

✓ NA 7098 PETER GRAGIS 4 Maydon Avenue, Great Neck, N.Y., 1948 Mercury, red, business 100 Metropolitan Ave., Bklyn.

✓ NY 3084 SARAH JEAN SHERK 222 Andrew Ave., E Meadow. 1951 studebaker sedan, blue (address same as business)

✓ 4 R7359 ALLEN MARTE 126 Patton Blvd, New Hyde Park, 1948 Nash sedan, gray Business, Gimbels 33rd St. & 6th Ave. N.Y.C.

✓ R 4148 LIDIA KLEINHOLZ 19 Second Avenue, Port Washington, 1939 Chevrolet sedan, green no business shown.

✓ 1 R660 JOSEPH M OXENFORD, 440 Foch Blvd., Mineola, N.Y. 1948 Kaiser sedan, blue Business - Jamiaca High School.

✓ NY 2543 MORRIS BERLIND, 73 Radnor Rd., Great Neck, N.Y. 1950 Oldsmobile sedan, black, business, 83 Meserole St., Bklyn.

✓ NY 2734 ARTHUR KAPICK, 16 Brookaw Lane, Great Neck, N.Y. 1951 Ford tudor blue, Business 11 Grace Avenue, Great Neck, N.Y.

INDEX
names
addresses
& license
numbers

cc 100-16711-

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65-15348-1944

The following are the license plate numbers for the other cars at the meetings for which the listings have not been obtained.

index

- Y 5665
- 7Y9332
- 7 Y 8181
- 8 Y 8128
- 5 Y 6489
- Y 5824
- 9 Y 29
- C 2743
- KX 8037
- JE 88
- 2650 TD
- 4 G 2566
- CC 8867
- 7 H 2781
- 50 513 suburban
- 28 114 suburban
- 8 T 7194
- 8 T 7190
- 5 T 927
- 5 T 9276

For the information of this file, Garrett advised that the following two cars are registered under the name of HELEN R. MOORE, 12 Wimbledon La., Great Neck, N.Y.

8

NV 7512 1949 Plymouth, convertible, cream color

NA 7759 1947 Plymouth sedan maroon color.

William A. Johnson

copy in 100-107111-~~1111~~ 1111

Director, FBI

March 12, 1952

SAC, New York (66-6309)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

The informant advised today that he has called BLOCH on a number of occasions and has been advised by BLOCH'S wife that he was out and busy as a result of the recent decision in the Circuit Court of Appeals upholding the conviction of the ROSENBERGS.

He stated that he has not received a further invitation to attend the meetings at the home of DAVID and EMILY ALMAN at 40 Monroe Street, NYC, in connection with the activities of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case.

He stated that in his last telephone conversation with BLOCH, he offered to [REDACTED] JULIUS on the 15th next, and BLOCH advised him that he would contact him and perfect arrangements for this proposed visit.

Informant stated that he would attend the mass rally to be held March 12th at Pythian Hall, 135 West 70th Street, NYC. This rally is being called by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case.

It is pointed out to the Bureau that in the last 3 months informant has expended funds of his own in maintaining contact with this office and with EMANUEL BLOCH and in visiting the office of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case. It is further pointed out that informant has utilized considerable of his own time in these visits to BLOCH and to the office of the Committee, time which he would otherwise be utilizing in operating [REDACTED]

It is recommended for the Bureau's consideration that informant be paid the sum of \$100. to compensate him for expenses incurred and services rendered and as an incentive for informant to continue his association with BLOCH.

cc: NY 65-15348
NY 100-107111

JAH:AMP

65-15348-1945

MR. WHELAN
 MR. HARGETT
 MR. GILLESPIE
 MR. GRANVILLE
 MR. HAMILTON
 MR. LEVVIS
 MR. MARCHESIAULT
 MR. McANDREWS
 NIGHT SUPERVISOR
 MR. RAGAN
 MR. SULLIVAN
 MR. WA' SH
 MR. WILLIS
 MR. WOHL
 CHIEF CLERK
 PROPERTY CLERK
 TRAINING UNIT

New York, N. Y.
 3/12/52

MEMO

Re: JULIUS ROSENBERG, was, ET AL;
 ESP. R.

HOWARD RUSHMORE, NY Journal American, called and advised that he is going to attend the rally that is to be held by the ROSENBERG DEFENSE COMMITTEE this evening. He stated he was going to have a photographer with him, if possible, and if there were any pictures we would like to have, he would be willing to furnish them to us. I thanked him for his offer to furnish the pictures, but advised him, in view of the fact this case was in appeal, we would not want to be in a position where we had any requests outstanding in the way of pictures and he should be guided by his own needs and discretion in whatever he does.

I advised SA T. Scott Miller in the absence of Supervisor Robert R. Granville that I knew we were going to have at least one informant present at the meeting, but that since this was such an important case as far as our general espionage picture is concerned, we should have an agent present who is not well known in order to report on the proceedings. I also asked SA Miller to make sure that the Special Services Squad of the NYC PD was made specifically aware of this meeting and that we should record the name and rank of the individual to whom we furnished the information.

WILLIAM M. WHELAN, ASAC

WMW:MFB

65-15348-1746

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2

New York, New York
3/12/52

MEMO:

RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Pursuant to the request of the writer, SA AUGUST J. MICEK advised the Bureau of Special Services and Investigation of the New York City Police Department that captioned organization was holding a mass meeting tonight at the Pythian Hall, 135 West 70th Street, NYC. Detective Lt. THOMAS CRANE was engaged at the time SA MICEK called and SA MICEK advised Detective JOSEPH OWSIANIK of the proposed meeting at approximately 4 p.m. today. Detective OWSIANIK advised SAMICEK that this meeting was on the calendar of BSSI, and that two detectives had been assigned to cover the meeting.

JOHN A. HARRINGTON, SA

cc: NY 65-15348

JAH:PB
100-10711

65-15348-1946A

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NEW YORK, NEW YORK
MARCH 13, 1952

BUREAU - URGENT

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG CASE;
IS DASH C. DAYLET. NY THREE EIGHT FOUR DASH S ATTENDED
MASS MEETING AT PYTHIAN HALL, NYC, EVENING MARCH TWELVE
LAST. MEETING SPONSORED BY CAPTIONED COMMITTEE.
INFORMANT ESTIMATED ABOUT EIGHT HUNDRED PEOPLE ATTENDED
AND CHAIRMAN OF MEETING, JOSEPH BRAININ, ANNOUNCED THAT
SEVERAL HUNDRED OTHERS WERE TURNED AWAY FOR LACK OF SPACE.
BRAININ GREETED AUDIENCE IN NAME OF "AMERICA, JUSTICE
BLACK, JUSTICE DOUGLAS, EUGENE DEBS AND OTHER GREAT
AMERICANS." HE SAID CONVICTION OF ROSENBERGS AND THEIR
SENTENCE TO DEATH IS ETERNAL SHAME ON AMERICAN JUSTICE.
THE INFORMANT STATED THAT ANOTHER SPEAKER, WILLIAM A.
REUBEN WHO WRITES FOR "NATIONAL GUARDIAN", CLAIMED THAT
ROSENBERGS AND SOBELL WERE CONVICTED NOT BECAUSE OF
ESPIONAGE BUT BECAUSE OF "POLITICAL UNORTHODOXY."

CC: NY 65-15348
NY 66-6376
NY 100-80675

JAD:ECH (17)
100-107111

65-15348-1917

REUBEN SAID THAT MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED FBI AGENTS SEARCHED FOR EVIDENCE AGAINST THESE DEFENDANTS AND SUCCEEDED IN FINDING ONLY "AN OLD COLLECTION CAN OF THE JOINT ANTI FASCIST REFUGEE COMMITTEE IN THE HOME OF THE ROSENBERGS AND THE FACT THAT MRS. ROSENBERG SIGNED AN ELECTION PETITION FOR PETER CACCHIONE." REUBEN SAID THAT THE

"MISSING LINK WITNESS", ELIZABETH BENTLEY, ADMITTED THAT SHE HAD NOT ATTENDED PARTY MEETINGS FOR FIFTEEN YEARS AND NEVER READ THE CONSTITUTION OF COMMUNIST PARTY. ANOTHER SPEAKER, HELEN SOBELL, WIFE OF MORTON, DECLARED THAT AS SOON AS IT WAS DECIDED THAT THE DEFENDANTS WERE

COMMUNISTS "THE TRIAL BECAME A MASSACRE." THE INFORMANT SAID THAT SHE MADE THE FOLLOWING APPEAL TO THE AUDIENCE:

"BEFORE WE WERE HELPING YOU IN THE FIGHT FOR A BETTER WORLD. NOW YOU MUST HELP US TO FREE THE PRISONERS AND MAKE IT POSSIBLE FOR US TO BE REUNITED." INFORMANT

INFERRED THAT BY "WE", SOBELL WAS REFERRING TO "COMMUNISTS" OR "PROGRESSIVES." ALBERT KAHN, ANOTHER SPEAKER, DECLARED THAT "THE ROSENBERGS ARE BEING SACRIFICED ON THE ALTAR OF WAR. WE MUST STOP THIS OPERATION KILLER IN KOREA AND WE MUST START BY STOPPING

1917

OPERATION KILLER IN THE CASE OF THE ROSENBERGS. THEY FACED DEATH BECAUSE THEY FOUGHT FOR US. NOW WE MUST FIGHT FOR THEM." KAHN ADDED THAT MANY TELEGRAMS AND CABLEGRAMS HAD BEEN RECEIVED AND HE READ ONE FROM WORLD FEDERATION OF DEMOCRATIC WOMEN WHICH PROMISED AID TO ROSENBERGS. IRON STRAUS OF FUR WORKERS UNION ALSO SENT TELEGRAM. KAHN MADE APPEAL FOR FUNDS AND IT WAS ANNOUNCED OVER FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS WAS COLLECTED. OTHER SPEAKERS INCLUDED MARY VAN KLEECK, B. Z. GOLDBERG, REVEREND SPENCER KENNARD. THESE SPEAKERS LIKENED IN ROSENBERG CASE TO CASES OF SACCO DASH VANZETTI AND DRYPUS CASE. INFORMANT SAID ENTIRE THEME OF MEETING WAS THAT ROSENBERGS WERE CONVICTED NOT FOR ESPIONAGE BUT BECAUSE OF FIGHT BETWEEN CAPITALISM AND COMMUNISM. BESSIE MITCHELL ASKED EVERYONE IN AUDIENCE TO TALK ABOUT CASE IN THEIR OWN NEIGHBORHOODS. MITCHELL READ MESSAGE FROM WILLIAM PATTERSON WHICH READ THAT HE COULD NOT APPEAR BECAUSE OF ILLNESS. PATTERSON PROMISED ALL POSSIBLE AID AND COOPERATION OF CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS IN FIGHT FOR ROSENBERGS. INFORMANT SAID

PAGE 4

AUDIENCE APPEARED ENTHUSIASTIC THROUGHOUT MEETING AND
STATED MEETING WAS CONCLUDED WITHOUT INCIDENT.

SCHMIDT

1947

NEW YORK, NEW YORK
March 13, 1952

BUREAU - URGENT

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE, IS DASH C. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMANT AT CHASE NATIONAL BANK, BROADWAY AND WORTH STREET, NYC, TODAY ADVISED THAT TWO THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY SIX DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS HAD BEEN DEPOSITED THIS MORNING TO BANK ACCOUNT OF CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION. DEPOSIT CONSISTED OF THIRTY SEVEN CHECKS IN VARIOUS AMOUNTS TOTALING FOUR HUNDRED NINETY SIX DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS. THE BALANCE OF TWO THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY DOLLARS WAS CASH. DUE TO METHODS OF HANDLING DEPOSIT THE NAMES OF THE DRAWERS OF THE VARIOUS CHECKS COULD NOT BE DETERMINED. IT IS BELIEVED THAT ABOVE SUM OF TWO THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED SEVENTY SIX DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS REPRESENTS COLLECTION MADE AT PUBLIC MEETING OF CAPTIONED ORGANIZATION HELD LAST NIGHT AT PYTHIAN HALL, NYC.

SCHEIDT

cc # NY 65-15346
100-37156

JAH:EM (#6)
100-107111

65-15348-1948

March 10, 1952

Memo:

Julius Rosenberg
Esp. R.

[REDACTED] attended rally sponsored by Jint (JAFRC) March 5, 1952 at Hotel Capital of Howard Fast made collection speech & said we must not forget what the Greek working class woman paid, recently when she was sentenced to death by "Dangled I did it, I did it for my country's welfare". He drew a parallel between this situation and the case of the famed illegally tried Rosenbergs. He claimed the Dept of Justice offered the Rosenbergs a deal to save their lives. Their lives would be spared if the Rosenbergs would implicate the top leaders of the C.P. in their alleged spying. The Rosenbergs turned down offer.

65-15348

See Raylist JAFRC-15-C-365
where above is mentioned

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John G. [Signature]
65-15348-1949

MEMO:

March 13, 1952

RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

On 3-11-52, [REDACTED] made available to the New York Office information concerning the above captioned subject, obtained from 35 E. 12th Street, New York, N.Y. This building is occupied by the following organizations, which are all under the control of the Communist Party: Publishers New Press, Inc. ("Worker" and "Daily Worker"); Morning Freiheit Association ("Morning Freiheit" and "Jewish Life"); Workers' Bookshop; F & D Printing Company; 12th - 13th Realty Corporation. Prior to September, 1951 the National, State and N.Y. County offices of the Communist Party also occupied these premises.

It will be noted that each exhibit bears the date received and the initials of S.A. E. K. DEANE and S.E. A. E. FALLER who can testify as to the receipt of the exhibit.

Strict care must be exercised so that the existence of this important source of information will not become known to any outside agency.

For original exhibit see serial 547 in File # 65-15348.

Description of Exhibit:

65-15348-1759

SEARCHED	INDEXED
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MAR 13 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

New York, New York
March 14, 1952

MEMO:

RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS - C

On March 12, 1952, the writer attended a meeting at Pythian Hall, 135 West 70th Street, in New York City, sponsored by Instant Committee. The Hall had about 650 chairs set up, and when these were occupied, the doors were shut. The writer has no knowledge of the number of people turned away.

At 8:30 P.M. the meeting was opened by the Chairman JOSEPH BRAININ. He called on a Miss GOODMAN to lead the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner". Then BRAININ spoke about the "political passion" that ruled the trial of the ROSENBERGS and MORTON SOBELL. BRAININ rambled on with various excerpts from the pamphlet which was distributed at the meeting. BRAININ ridiculed ELIZABETH BENTLEY as a "missing link" not in the ROSENBERG case, but anthropologically. He said people did not realize the injustice of the case until WILLIAM REUBEN convinced the publishers of the "National Guardian" to run a series of articles. He then introduced WILLIAM REUBEN.

REUBEN spoke of the legal angle of the case. The entire prosecution was based on what happened in a room in which were ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG and RUTH and DAVID GREENGLASS. We have no way of knowing what went on in that room. RUTH and DAVID say one thing; ETHEL and JULIUS another. RUTH and DAVID were caught taking money for information and faced death. In order to save their necks, (RUTH has not been indicted and DAVID will be out soon) they implicated ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG. Therefore "the ROSENBERG case is based entirely on oral, uncorroborated testimony by DAVID and RUTH GREENGLASS, who faced death". 200 FBI Agents worked for eight months digging up proof against the ROSENBERGS and all they could find was a little tin can to collect money for Spanish orphans, and a petition for PETER CACCHIONE. This was the only evidence against them. "On such evidence every American can be executed, the only limit is the

cc - NY 65-15348 (JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG)
100-35178 (MORTON SOBELL)

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hNR:JK
100-107111

65-15348-1951

Memo:

NY 100-107111

prosecutors ability to institute prosecution". REUBEN then spoke about the atom bomb. He quoted from various sources to show that the Soviet Union knew about the bomb before the alleged conspiracy. He said the idea that Russia obtained the bomb secrets from the ROSENBERGS, as stated by the Judge in pronouncing sentence was "sheer nonsense".

He then attacked DAVID GREENGLASS. GREENGLASS took eight technical courses at the Brooklyn Polytechnical Institute and failed all of them. He knew nothing about the theory of the bomb (the Judge would not permit detailed questioning to protect DAVID's ignorance) and it was impossible for DAVID to draw the plans he did without help. REUBEN ridiculed JOHN DERRY, aide to General GROVES. Instead of calling for expert testimony on the atom bomb, they used DERRY who, would more likely answer the phone if you called and asked for the use of a jeep. The whole case has been "fabricated" by the prosecutor. In conclusion, REUBEN asked why MC GRATH and the Department of Justice were anxious to execute the ROSENBERGS. His answer was that it was on the basis of this case that MC GRATH was setting up concentration camps for all the communists and Jews; and he was using the case to prove all Communists are espionage agents so that he could "rip apart" the Constitution.

HELEN VAN KLEECK spoke about the case from the angle of a social scientist. She said that under our law a person did not have to prove he was innocent; the prosecution had to prove he was guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and there was a great deal of doubt about the ROSENBERG guilt. Instead of trying the defendants on the indictment and with the evidence the entire issue, in the minds of the jurors, was confused by the injection of three extraneous issues - the atom bomb, (international struggle between Communism and capitalism to be settled by the atom bomb); the ROSENBERG's feelings toward the Soviet Union (which made them predisposed to spy for her); and the Communist Party (membership used as proof of motive). VAN KLEECK said the prosecution and the Judge injected these political issues to confuse the jurors. She quoted from the Judge's statement before he passed sentence, and said this indicated the atmosphere he created in the courtroom during the trial - "it was a reflection of the Judge's feelings during the entire trial. VAN KLEECK spoke about the history of Communism and insisted it was in the realm of social science, and

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questions about it should be settled by social scientists like herself. "We must work to stop distortion of social science by the lawyers and the courts and free U. S. Public life from distorted public issues".

HELEN SOBELL said MORTY "was never connected with any kind of conspiracy or espionage". Her entire talk was aimed at arousing sympathy for MORTON SOBELL and herself and disdain for the MAX ELITCHER. She said MAX was supposed to be their friend. For months after he had given information to the Grand Jury against MORTON he continued to visit them. He brought their furniture and her little girl's piano. Now the SOBELL furniture is in the ELITCHER parlor. MAX drove to court in a new car and Mrs. ELITCHER came in a new persian lamb coat. They even tried to be nice to her in the courtroom. Everything ELITCHER said about MORTY was a lie to save his own neck. He has gotten away clear. The same goes for RUTH GREENGLASS who testified "like a phonograph record". Not one witness against the ROSENBERGS and MORTY was "free, clean or honorable". "It was a political trial - it was a massacre for ETHEL, JULIUS and MORTY".

HELEN concluded with "We are fighting for you too - you fight for us!"

ALBERT E. KAHN made an inflammatory speech from which the following excerpts were noted by the writer:

"We are here to prevent two human sacrifices on the road to war".

"We intend to prevent this murder".

"We don't want 'operation killer' to start here in the United States with the ROSENBERGS."

ELIZABETH BENTLEY and DAVID GREENGLASS were "scum vomited up by society".

Judge KAUFMAN was "a craven renegade in black robe... and a rejuvenated anti-semita whose name will be cursed and hated".

"We pledge to work until they are free to walk among us".

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KAHN spoke about trying to see the Commissioner of Immigration as a member of a delegation to save PETER HARRIS/ADES from deportation to certain execution. The Commissioner would permit only two members of the delegation to enter saying he did not want a Roman holiday in his office. KAHN said it was not his office, it was our office. He also said a Roman holiday connoted human sacrifice, and that was what they were trying to avoid. The same thing applied to the ROSENBERGS. KAHN tied in the murder of HARRY MOORE, in Florida, with the ROSENBERG case.

KAHN read a long statement sent by JULUIS and ETHEL ROSENBERG to the meeting.

KAHN made the appeal for funds. About \$5,000.00 was realized, of which about \$1,000.00 was in checks and pledges. The largest contribution was by MELVIN SCHACHTER - \$500.00, KATHERINE DODD \$100.00 and NAOMI BRAINER \$100.00. Most of the contributions were made anonymously.

BEN-ZION GOLDBERG read a speech about how he decided to join the Committee. He reviewed the SACCO and VANZETTI case and the DREYFUS case in France. GOLDBERG compared himself with EMIL ZOLA and said "J accuse" the U.S. Government of perpetrating a political trial against the ROSENBERGS.

At this point in the meeting, the writer, Special Employee HYMAN D. RABINOWITZ, left.

HYMAN D. RABINOWITZ, SE

New York, New York
March 15, 1952

MEMO

RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS-C

On the evening of 3/12/52, the writer attended a public meeting held under the auspices of the above captioned organization at Pythian Hall, 135 E. 70th St., NYC, and witnessed by an audience of approximately 650 people, predominately white.

Chairman JOSEPH BRAININ called the meeting to order at approximately 8:45 PM and introduced a Miss GOODMAN (first name believed to be LILLIAN) who led the audience in the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner." BRAININ commented on the trial using a pamphlet which was distributed to the audience, written by WILLIAM A. REUBEN, another speaker at the meeting. BRAININ mentioned Judge KAUFMAN'S admission of the testimony of MAX ELITCHER regarding the CP affiliation of the ROSENBERGS on the theory of motive on the condition that the Government establish some connection between Communism and committing the offense charged in the indictment. BRAININ then described ELIZABETH BENTLEY as the "missing link" when she reportedly testified that all Communists are spies for Moscow, adding that she was not the "missing link" in the ROSENBERG case but was anthropologically speaking.

Besides REUBEN, other speakers introduced by BRAININ were MARY VAN KLEECK, described as a sociologist formerly connected with the Russell Sage Foundation; HELEN SOBELL, wife of MORTON SOBELL; ALBERT E. KAHN, President of Jewish Peoples Fraternal Order; BESSIE MITCHELL, sister of one of the Trenton Six who took the place of WILLIAM L. PATTERSON, because of his illness; B. Z. GOLDBERG, writer for the Jewish daily, "The Day," and Reverend SPENCER KENNARD, described as a famous Biblical scholar. Rabbi LOUIS D. GROSS, editor "Jewish Examiner", and S. FEDERMAN, chairman of the United Landsmanshaften Societies, advertised as speakers, did not attend.

cc: 65-15348 (JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG)
100-35178 (MORTON SOBELL)
3717

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As the first speaker, BRAININ introduced WILLIAM REUBEN, whom he described as a crusading journalist connected with the publication, "National Guardian." RUEBEN dwelled on the supposed lack of evidence in the case against the ROSENBERG and stated that they were convicted on the oral uncorroborated testimony of the GREENGLASSES who faced possible death sentences, and that no documentary evidence was produced linking the ROSENBERGS to espionage.

REUBEN related that after eight months, the FBI was only able to find one piece of documentary evidence each against ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG. In the case of ETHEL, it was the CPNP signed by her in 1941 for PETER V. CACCHIONE, successful CP candidate for NYC Councilman, and in the case of JULIUS, it was a collection can issued by the Spanish Refugee Appeal Committee.

REUBEN continued by commenting on the probable inability of DAVID GREENGLASS to steal the secret of the atomic bomb, noting that he had experience only as an ordinary machinist in both the Army and civilian life and his education consisted of high school plus eight technical courses at Brooklyn Polytechnic, all of which he failed by his own admission.

REUBEN also stated that the Government did not produce any expert testimony to corroborate the authenticity of the sketch GREENGLASS made of the atomic bomb, but relied on the testimony of Lt. JOHN DERRY, described as an aide to Gen. GROVES, whose military occupation was concerned with personnel work and whose only qualification was a Bachelor of Engineering degree.

REUBEN concluded by accusing Attorney General McGRATH of using the ROSENBERG case to build concentration camps to imprison other Americans, and stated that there was absolutely no evidence against SOBELL.

MARY VAN KLEECK complained that the prosecution did not prove the defendants guilty beyond a reasonable doubt, and that the burden of proof had been shifted so that they had to prove themselves innocent. VAN KLEECK stated that Judge KAUFMAN confused the issues by arousing the passions of the jury and tried to influence by the use of the words, "atomic bomb," "Soviet Union," and "Communist Party." By using these

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words, she said the jury was led to believe the only way the issues could be settled between capitalism and Communism was by the use of the atomic bomb. The feelings of the ROSENBERGS with respect to the Soviet Union were used as evidence that they would have a tendency to spy for Russia and membership in the CP was used as proof of motive.

HELEN SOBELL denied the defendants' guilt on the grounds that she of all people knew her husband MORTON and knew that he could not be guilty. She said she also felt she knew the ROSENBERGS well enough to be certain of their innocence.

HELEN said that MAX ELITCHER'S testimony should be given little or no weight because he faced a possible five year sentence for denying he had been a member of the CP in connection with Government employment. She complained that he had been their friend and even as he testified before the Grand Jury, he had purchased the SOBELL'S furniture. HELEN commented that ELITCHER had a new car and his wife a new fur coat at the time of the trial and added that RUTH GREENGLASS talked "like a phonograph record" on the witness stand.

ALBERT E. KAHN stated, "We are here to prevent two human sacrifices on the road to war. We intend to prevent this murder." We don't want operation killer to start here in the United States with the ROSENBERGS."

KAHN characterized BENTLEY and the GREENGLASSES as "scum vomited up by society" and Judge KAUFMAN as a "craven renegade in a black robe and a rejuvenated anti-Semite whose name will be cursed and hated."

KAHN called for a collection and later announced that \$5,000.00 in cash and pledges had been donated to aid the defendants and noted that some 300 people had been turned away at the door because of lack of space. He said that these people had insisted on paying the admission price even though they could not get in.

BESSIE MITCHEL stated that the Negro and Jewish people had to ban together to stop racial discrimination. She

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NY 100-10711

read a statement from WILLIAM L. PATERSON advising that he was ill and could not be present and offered his encouragement.

B. Z. GOLDBERG compared the Sacco-Vanzetti and Dreyfus cases with the ROSENBERG case and accused the prosecution of making a political trial out of the latter.

Reverend KENNARD commented that it was late and that he would cut short his talk. He mentioned that March 28, 1952 was the date to flood the White House and Attorney General McGRATH'S office with letters, telegrams and phone calls to plead that the Government consent to a retrial of the ROSENBERGS. KENNARD mentioned that the Catholic war vets had been outside the building; however, none were observed by the writer.

The meeting ended at approximately 11:30 PM and was covered by SE HYMAN D. RABINOWITZ, Confidential Informants of this office and detectives from the BSSI, NYCPD.

The meeting was policed by uniform members of the NYCPD, and no violence was observed.

JOHN WILSON, JR., SA

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC New York (65-15348)

DATE: March 14, 1952

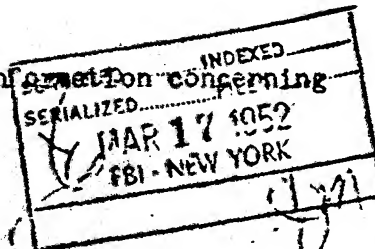
FROM : SAC Newark (65-4085)

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE - R

Reurlet 3/12/52.

Indices Newark Office contain no information concerning
AARON JEFFERMAN or AARON FEFFERMAN.

TMO:HMT



65-15348-1954

COMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

246 Fifth Avenue
Room 441
New York 1, N.Y.
Murray Hill 5-2114

Joseph Branin
Chairman

David Alman
Executive Secretary

Partial List of Sponsors

Nelson Algren	Dr. Katherine Dodd	Louise Harding Horr
Emily Alman	Dr. W.E. DeBois	Rev Spencer Kennard
Dr. Herbert Aptheker	Gertrude Evans	Hon. Robert Moss Lovett
Ivan Von Auv	Waldo Frank	Dr. Bernard Lubka
Dr. Edward Barsky	Joseph Friedmani	Dr. John Marsalka
Prof. Edward Berry Burgum		John T. McManus
Alice Hill Byrne	B.Z. Goldberg	Mrs. Bessie Mitchell
John F. Clewe	Shirley Graham	Capt Hugh N. Mulzac
Prof. Ephraim Cross	Nahum Greenberg	William Reuben
Marjorie DiSilva	Rabbi Louis D. Gross	Dr. Simon, John L.

Leon Straus

Lois Timmins

Elizabeth Todd

Dr. Leonard Tushnet

65-15348-1955

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PRESS RELEASE

MARCH 13, 1952
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

OVERFLOW ROSENBERG MEETING ASKS PRESIDENT CONSENT TO
NEW TRIAL. ENDORSES AMICUS TO SUPREME COURT

Close to 2000 New Yorkers, 500 of them addressed in the street because of lack of space, came to Pythian Hall, 135 W. 70 St. on March 12 at 8 PM, for a meeting on "THE TRUTH IN THE ROSENBERG CASE".

The meeting, first large gathering on this issue, and one of scores of large meetings held recently in many parts of the country, was greeted by telegrams of support from a number of cities, unions, prominent individuals and groups in Great Britain, Puerto Rico, Canada, Mexico and other lands.

The meeting unanimously adopted a resolution to President Truman, calling upon him to direct the U.S. Attorney to consent to a new trial for the Rosenbergs and Morton Sobell.

Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were convicted on a charge of conspiring to commit espionage and sentenced to death in a trial from which all Jewish jurors had been excluded by the prosecution's challenges, sent a message to the meeting asserting their innocence. It read in part: "Like others we spoke for peace because we did not want our two little sons to live in the shadow of war and death That is why we are in the death house today, as a warning to all ordinary men and women like ourselves that there are forces today which hope to silence by death those who speak for peace and democracy." They assured their families, who were in the audience: "You are sitting in the midst of good, honest people. They will do everything in their power to bring us together again and make this a better and happier world".

The meeting also adopted an Amicus Brief on the behalf of the Rosenbergs, which read in part: "We believe that the trial...lacked guarantees of fairness which all Americans have the right to expect under the Constitution. (We petition) that the verdicts and sentences be set aside, and that a new trial be ordered, based on Constitutional guarantees of impartiality and fairness in accordance with the best traditions of American justice".

The meeting also set March 28 aside as "Rosenberg Day", asking that on the first anniversary of the trial, telegrams, letters and phone calls be made to the White House, in accordance with the resolution sent to the President.

In a speech that brought tears to many of the audience, Mrs. Helen Sobell, wife of Morton Sobell, sentenced to 30 years, told the meeting that at the very time that the chief witness against her husband was planning to give what she called his "lying testimony to save himself from a perjury charge", he was bargaining with her for the purchase of her furniture and children's belongings which she had to sell to raise money for her husband's defense.

Rabbi Louis D. Gross, editor of the Jewish Examiner, sent a message to the meetign in which he voiced his doubts as to the guilt of the Rosenbergs, and commented on Judge Kaufman's having said that he had gone to the synagogue to seek guidance before imposing the death sentence by reminding the Judge that in times past, when the Supreme Court of the Jewish people (Sanhedrin) had passed a death sentence they were labelled "murderers" by the Rabbis.

Mary Van Kleeck, an outstanding sociologist, warned that the whole system of justice in our country was being destroyed by such trials, in which the social views of defendants became, in the court's opinion, proof of espionage.

William L. Patterson, famous Negro civil rights leader, too ill to attend, sent a message expressing faith that a common effort by the Negro and Jewish people could put an end to the destruction of the lives and properties and liberties of those two minorities. His message was read by Mrs. Bessie Mitchell, sister of

Collins English, one of the two remaining "Trenton Six" defendants still in prison.

B.Z. Goldberg, well known journalist for the Jewish Day, compared the Rosenberg case to that of Dreyfus and Sacco-Vanzetti, and warned that to be silent in this case was to open the door to a Nazi-type assault on the Jews.

Other Speakers were William Reuben, crusading journalist whose articles on the case stirred world wide interest, and Albert Kahn,

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SAC, NEWARK (65-4085)

SUBJECT: JULIUS ROSENBERG
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

DATE: 3/14/52

[REDACTED] Stelton, N.J., advised SA ROLLO V. CLARK, Jr. and SA FRANCIS J. DUSKY that T. GIBER, Stelton, N.J., received a letter from the Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG case, 246 Fifth Ave., Room 441, New York, N.Y. dated 2/29/52, listing JOSEPH BRAININ, Chairman, and DAVID ALMAN, Executive Secretary, which read as follows:

*Dear Friends:

*The Appeals Court affirmation of the verdict and sentences in the ROSENBERG case is one of the most shocking judicial acts in our country's history.

*The courts' opinion that certain social beliefs may form the basis for accusations of espionage and death sentence confronts millions of Americans with grave danger to their liberties and lives.

*Only immediate, nation-wide steps to rouse our fellow citizens to the danger to the ROSENBERGS and to themselves can prevent a terrible tragedy.

*Your past generosity and help has made it possible to bring our campaign for justice to millions of people. We have taken advertisements in the St. Louis Post Dispatch, Chicago Daily News, National Magazine, New York Compass, National Guardian, Jewish Day, Morning Freiheit, Jewish Life, Jewish Morning Journal and other publications. We have printed 60,000 and distributed 45,000 copies of Mr. RUBEN'S fine pamphlets. We have initiated or helped organize public meetings in Chicago, Cleveland, New York and other cities. *We have a large public meeting in N.Y. on March 12.)

*We have printed thousands of leaflets, and we now have a fact sheet on the press. When you add the cost of this to legal expenses, office rent, technical help, mailing, etc., you will realize how strained our financial resources are.

cc: 100-33645 (BESSIE MITCHELL)
100-22005 (DR. LEONARD TUSHNET)
100-26656 (TANYA GIBER)

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RVC:TL

NK 65-4085

"Now we begin a new round of public appeals and legal expenses, for which we need immediate funds."

"We ask you to be generous again. Please give as much as you can, as soon as you can."

"Very truly yours,

JOSEPH BRAININ
DAVID ALMAN"

"P.S.

"Send a letter today to President TRUMAN and U.S. Attorney General J. HOWARD MC GRATH, asking that they take steps leading to a reversal of the verdicts and death sentences in the ROSENBERG case."

"Hold public meetings, organize local ROSENBERG committees- time is short."

"SPONSORS"

(Partial List)

NELSON ALGREN
EMILY ALMAN
DR. HERBERT APTHEKER
IVAN VON AUW
DR. EDWARD K. BARSKY
PROF. E. BERRY PURGUM
ALICE HILL BYRNE
JOHN F. CLEWE
PROF. EPHRAIM CROSS
MARJORIE DI SILVA
DR. KATHERINE DODD
DR. W.E.B. DU BOIS
GERTRUDE EVANS
WALDO FRANK
JOSEPH FRIEDMAN
B.Z. GOLDBERG
SHIRLEY GRAHAM

NAHUM GREENBERG
ROBBIE LOUIS D. GROSS
LOUISE HARDING HERR
REV. SPENCER KENNARD
HON. ROBERT MORSS LOVETT
DR. BERNARD LUBKA
DR. JOHN MARSALKA
JOHN T. MC MANUS
MRS. BESSIE MITCHELL
CAPT. HUGH N. MULZAC
WILLIAM REUBEN
DR. JOHN L. SIMAN
LEON STRAUSS
LOIS TIMMINS
ELIZABETH TODD
DR. LEONARD TUSHNET

██████████ requested that ████████ name be kept strictly confidential.

The above data is being submitted for the information of the New York Office.

SENT 10:22 AM NEW YORK 2

FROM NEWARK 3-2-52

1-COPY

DIRECTOR AND SAC

RE: ROSENBERG

NOON DEADLINE

DISTRICT FOURTEEN NEWARK, AS DASH C. DAYLET'S INFORMATION HAS
BEEN DEVELOPED INDICATING THAT TANIA FIBER OF STELTON, N.J. WHO HAS BEEN
REPORTED AS AN ACTIVE MEMBER OF THE MIDDLESEX COUNTY HAS RECEIVED
BUNDLES OF PETITIONS CAPTIONED QUOTE MICHAEL BRIEF IN THE ROSENBERG
CASE INVOLVED FOR SIGNATURES OF THOSE WHO BELIEVE THAT THE ROSENBERG
CASE IS UNFAIR. THIS MATERIAL CALLED OUT BY THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE
FOR HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE ROSENBERG CASE ACCOMPANIED BY A PAMPHLET

CAPTIONED UNQUOTE DASH THE ROSENBERG CASE UNQUOTE SAME SOURCE IN-
DICATED FIBER AND OTHER SYMPATHIZERS IN STELTON AREA HAVE RECEIVED
ANNOUNCEMENT OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN DEFENSE OF CHILDREN TO
BE HELD IN VIENNA APRIL TWELVE TO SEVENTEEN NEXT. NOTICE SENT OUT BY THE
COMMITTEE FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN DEFENSE
OF CHILDREN, ROOM FOUR ZERO ONE, ONE ELEVEN WEST FORTY SECOND ST.
NYC. ACCORDING TO LOCAL NEWSPAPER THE NY PROGRESSIVE PARTY IS PRESENTLY
CIRCULATING A PETITION IN LOCAL NEGRO POPULATION AREAS WHICH CALLS UPON
THE MAYOR TO APPOINT A NEGRO MAGISTRATE TO ASSIST IN ELIMINATING A
SYMPHONY BEAR INCAPABLE OF ADMINISTERING EQUAL JUSTICE.

ENCLOSURE

END

WARD PLS

NEW YORK 2

TO DISC

100-7451-516

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Kearney
Harvey

63-15348-1959

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

NEW YORK, NEW YORK
MARCH 26, 1952

Transmit the following Teletype message to: BUREAU...URGENT

JULIUS ROSENBERG, ESPIONAGE DASH R. ON PAGE TWO OF THE
QUOTE DAILY WORKER UNQUOTE TODAY, THERE IS AN ARTICLE
TO THE EFFECT THAT JOSEPH BRAININ, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL
COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE, ANNOUNCED
ON MARCH TWENTY FIVE LAST THAT THOUSANDS/OF AMERICANS WILL
TAKE ACTION ON MARCH TWENTY EIGHT NEXT CALLING FOR A NEW
TRIAL FOR JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG AND MORTON SOBELL.

A DELEGATION WILL CALL UPON ATTORNEY GENERAL MC GRATH

AND OTHERS WILL TELEPHONE AND WIRE THE AG AND VISIT LOCAL
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE OFFICES. IT WAS ALSO ANNOUNCED THAT
DURING THE PAST WEEK, ADDITIONAL ROSENBERG COMMITTEES
HAVE BEEN FORMED IN EIGHT CITIES IN VIRGINIA, GEORGIA,
LOUISIANA AND NORTH AND SOUTH CAROLINA. FOREGOING
SUBMITTED FOR BUREAU INFORMATION.

SCHEIDT

cc: NY 100-37158
NY 100-10711JAH:MBR (#6)
65-15348ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISEApproved: 

Special Agent in Charge

Sent  MPer 

100-3878-15

65-15348-1961

DIRECTOR, FBI

(65-58236)

March 26, 1952

SAC, NEW HAVEN

(65-1346)

JULIUS ROSENBERG
ESPIONAGE-R

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS-C

Re: Report of SA John A. Herrington at New York dated
March 7, 1952 and New York letter to the Bureau
dated March 7, 1952, in second captioned case.

On February 27, 1952, a pamphlet entitled, "To Secure
Justice in the Rosenberg Case," by WILLIAM A. REUBEN,
with a mimeographed form stating it was being distrib-
uted by the Peoples Party of Connecticut, 69 Congress
Ave., New Haven, Connecticut, was furnished the New
Haven office by mail without cover letter, but the en-
velope bore the name, EDWARD P. BECKER, Counsellors and
Attorneys-at-Law, 185 Church Street, New Haven, Conn.
The Peoples Party of Connecticut has been described by
[redacted] and [redacted] as dominated and controlled by the
Communist Party in this state.

On March 7, 1952, [redacted] advised that in a conversation
with ROBERT EKINS, whom informant described as an officer
of the Communist Party in the state of Connecticut, and
whom informant believes to be acting as Public Relations
Director of the CP in Connecticut, EKINS indicated that
after the current fund drive for the defense of the second
level CP leaders the next campaign of the CP and affiliated
groups would be for funds on behalf of the ROSENBERGS, who
are scheduled to be executed in the near future on charges
of Espionage.

At a meeting of the Connecticut Committee to Aid Victims of
the Smith Act, held March 9, 1952, Attorney HARRY SACHFR,
who defended the first level Communist leaders who were
tried and convicted in New York and who was himself held in
contempt by Judge HAROLD MEDINA and Mrs. JAMES E. JACKSON,
wife of a missing Communist Party functionary, were the
main speakers.

At the latter part of this meeting, which was surveilled by
SA's John C. Manning and Richard L. Cromwell, these agents

rlc/mcc

cc: New York (2) (100-10711)--NCBJRC
(65-15348) (Julius)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-387835-19

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 28 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

were able to overhear resolutions which were read by JOHN MARSALKA, Chairman of this meeting and National President of the American-Slav Congress (which has been cited by the U.S. Attorney General as coming within the purview of Executive Order 9835.) One of the resolutions was directed to the President of the United States from the Citizens of Connecticut asking for freedom for Mr. and Mrs. JULIUS ROSENBERG, who have spent 11 months in prison. This resolution was unanimously passed.

MARSALKA was mentioned in a press release dated 12-31-51, made available by Mr. HOWARD RUSHMORE, writer for the New York Journal American as one of the notables who joined Mr. JOSEPH BRADLEY in forming a National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

An article in the New York Herald Tribune, dated 3-16-52, by OGREN R. REID, entitled, "The Red Underground", contains under a paragraph captioned, "Propaganda Material" the following:

"Mrs. BERT GILDEN, of Bridgeport, plans to send out a letter this week to 'progressive friends' in an attempt to whip up sympathy for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG. Mrs. GILDEN will blame the ROSENBERGS conviction and subsequent death sentence on an 'atmosphere of anti-semitism and anti-progressivism.' To emphasize what she views as the 'Jewish Persecution' aspect of the case, Mrs. GILDEN plans to quote from a series of articles by WILLIAM A. REUBEN in 'The National Guardian' which were reprinted in a pamphlet entitled: 'To Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case.'"

Mrs. GILDEN has been described by [REDACTED] as a very active member of the [REDACTED] in Bridgeport, Connecticut.

607 U. S. Court House
Foley Square
New York 7, New York

March 28, 1952

Hon. Myles J. Lane
United States Attorney
Southern District of New York
Foley Square
New York 7, New York

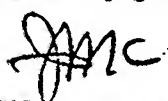
RE: JULIUS ROSENBERG, ETAL
ESP-R

Dear Sir:

There is delivered herewith a copy of the report of Special Agent John A. Harrington dated February 29, 1952, in the above-captioned matter.

Your attention is directed to the fact that this report concerns security information and has been given the classification of secret.

Very truly yours


EDWARD SCHEIDT
Special Agent in Charge

Enc.-1

JAH:HC
65-15348

65-15348-1963

New York, N. Y.
March 31, 1952

BUREAU -- URGENT

SUB: UNKNOWN CONSULTANT, ASWAN DAM, NINETEEN FORTYSIX DASH
FORTYNINE; ESP DASH R. ON LAST INTERVIEW AT CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION
CORP, MAJOR GENERAL WILLIAM A. PORTER AND RAYMOND L. LAPEAN
AGREED TO MAKE AVAILABLE ALL INFO CONCERNING ASWAN DAM PROJECT.
RE
ON/CONTACT LAPEAN GAVE HISTORY OF ASWAN DAM IN DETAIL AND INVOLVEMENT
OF HUGH L. COOPER CO. AND CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP IN PLANS TO
ERECT HYDRO ELECTRIC AND FERTILIZER PLANTS. THE COOPER CO., THE
CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP, AND THE BRITISH DASH THOMPSON DASH
HOUSTON CO. JOINED TOGETHER TO PRESENT THEIR JOINT SCHEME FOR
ERECTION OF ABOVE PLANTS. THE SCHEME WAS PRESENTED TO THE EGYPTIAN
GOVERNMENT BY BRITISH DASH THOMPSON DASH HOUSTON CO. AND UTILIZED
PLANS OF THE HUGH L. COOPER CO. LAPEAN STATED THAT HUGH L. COOPER
WAS ONE OF THE FOREMOST HYDRO ELECTRIC ENGINEERS IN THE WORLD AND
HAD BEEN INTERESTED IN THE ASWAN DAM PROJECT SINCE NINETEEN TWENTY.
IT IS NOTED THAT THE PLANS OF THE COOPER CO CALLED FOR USE OF
RECTANGULAR PENSTOCKS TO CHANNEL THE WATER FLOW TO THE TURBINES.

CC: BOSTON
NEWARK
WASHINGTON FIELD
NY 65-15348
65-15387
65-6747
65-15336

JAH:PMS (#6)
65-15384

65-15348-1965

PAGE TWO

AFTER PLANS WERE SUBMITTED IN NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN, THE EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT, THROUGH AN INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION, RETAINED BY IT, RAISED THE QUESTION WHETHER THE PENSTOCKS WOULD PERFORM AS INTENDED. IT IS NOTED THAT SINCLAIR O. HARPER WAS ONE OF THE MEMBERS OF THIS COMMISSION AND HAD BEEN RETAINED AT THE RATE OF ONE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS A DAY FOR CONSULTATION. LAPEAN STATED THAT THE PROBLEM RAISED BY THIS COMMISSION WAS ONE OF HYDRO DASH DYNAMICS AND AERO DASH DYNAMICS, AND SINCE ACCEPTANCE OF THE COOPER PLAN DEPENDED PRIMARILY ON THE PRACTICABILITY OF THE RECTANGULAR PENSTOCKS, IT WAS IMPORTANT TO SECURE THE OPINION AND APPROVAL OF AN OUTSTANDING MAN IN THE FIELD OF HYDRO AND AERO DYNAMICS TO SUPPORT THE USE OF THE RECTANGULAR PENSTOCKS. FOR THIS REASON THE CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP IN MARCH, NINETEEN FORTYSEVEN RETAINED DR. THEODORE VON KARMAN, REPUTEDLY ONE OF THE BEST MEN IN THE WORLD IN THESE FIELDS. LAPEAN STATED THAT VON KARMAN WAS RETAINED TO EXAMINE THE PROBLEM AND TO SUBMIT A REPORT ON HIS FINDINGS. LAPEAN STATED THAT VON KARMAN ANALYZED THE PROBLEM MATHEMATICALLY AND LAID DOWN THE COURSE OF THE SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM. LAPEAN STATED THAT ACTUAL MATHEMATICAL CALCULATIONS ON PHASES OF THE PROBLEM WERE MADE FOR VON KARMAN BY A MR. PERL. EDWARD ROBERTS, VICE PRESIDENT AND CHIEF ENGINEER OF CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP. RECALLED

PAGE THREE

THE ABOVE PROBLEM AND ITS SOLUTION BY VON KARMAN AND STATED HE REMEMBERED THAT PERL HAD WORKED WITH VON KARMAN AND LATER HAD BEEN ARRESTED BY THE FBI AFTER SOME TROUBLE WITH THE GRAND JURY. ROBERT ROSICK, ENGINEER OF THE CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP, RECALLED THE RETENTION OF VON KARMAN AND REMEMBERED THAT PERL HAD WORKED WITH HIM. HOWEVER, HE COULD IDENTIFY PERL'S PICTURE AND HAD NO

OTHER RECOLLECTION OF HIM EXCEPT THAT HE CAME FROM COLUMBIA UNIV. P. D. CARDWELL, ENGINEER OF THE CHEM. CONST. CORP. STATED THAT HE HAD BEEN ASSIGNED TO WORK WITH VON KARMAN ON THE PROBLEM AND HAD VISITED VON KARMAN IN HIS OFFICE AT FIVE SEVEN NAUGHT LEXINGTON AVE. AND HAD MEETINGS WITH VON KARMAN AT THE OFFICE OF THE CHEMICAL CONST. CORP. HE STATED THAT ON ONE OCCASION, WHEN HE VISITED VON KARMAN AT THE LATTER'S OFFICE, HE MET WILLIAM PERL IN THE OFFICE. CARDWELL STATED THAT A PHASE OF THE PROBLEM CONCERNED THE THEORETICAL ANALYSES OF WATER HAMMER PRESSURES IN A PENSTOCK SYSTEM. HE STATED THAT THIS PROBLEM WAS WORKED OUT BY PERL. HE IDENTIFIED A PICTURE OF PERL, BUT SINCE HE ONLY MET HIM ON ONE OCCASION, HE KNEW NOTHING ELSE ABOUT HIM EXCEPT THAT HE WAS FROM COLUMBIA UNIV. PERL SUBMITTED A REPORT FOR VON KARMAN OF HIS ANALYSIS TO THE HUGH L. COOPER CO. DATED JULY EIGHT, FORTYSEVEN. ALL FILES AND RECORDS OF THE HUGH L. COOPER CO. IN THIS MATTER WERE OBTAINED AND ARE BEING

PAGE FOUR

EXAMINED. PERL RECEIVED ONE HUNDRED FIFTYTWO DOLLARS AND FORTY CENTS BY CHECK DATED JULY TWENTYTWO, FORTYSEVEN, QUOTE FOR ENGINEERING SERVICES RENDERED RE ASWAN DAM PROJECT, UNQUOTE. VON KARMAN RECEIVED TWO CHECKS AGGREGATING FORTY EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS; ONE DATED JUNE THREE, FORTYSEVEN, IN SUM OF TWENTYSIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND ANOTHER DATED JUNE TWENTY, FORTYSEVEN, IN SUM OF TWENTYTWO HUNDRED DOLLARS. PERL'S COMPENSATION WAS ON BASIS OF FOUR DOLLARS PER HOUR. VON KARMAN'S EMPLOYMENT COVERED ABOUT A THREE MONTH PERIOD. LAPEAN STATED THAT CONSIDERING THE ACTUAL TIME SPENT BY VON KARMAN ON THE PROBLEM, IT WAS LIKELY THAT VON KARMAN'S COMPENSATION APPROXIMATED TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS PER DAY. SINCE PREVIOUS INVESTIGATION IN ROSENBERG AND VON KARMAN CASES DISCLOSED NO ACQUAINTANCE CONTACTS BETWEEN ROSENBERG AND VON KARMAN, IT IS SUGGESTED THAT WILLIAM PERL IS UNKNOWN CONSULTANT ON ASWAN DAM PROJECT MENTIONED BY DAVID GREENGLASS. BUREAU AUTHORITY REQUESTED TO DISCONTINUE OUTSTANDING LEADS TO IDENTIFY ISSUE INCLUDING LEAD TO INTERVIEW CLARKE FULLERTON DAVIS IN EGYPT BY CIA. IN VIEW OF FACT THAT FREDERICK POPE WAS PRESIDENT OF CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP AND FRIENDLY WITH GENERAL PORTER, HE WILL BE INTERVIEWED ON HIS RETURN TO NY. UPON COMPLETION OF EXAMINATION OF FILES RECEIVED FROM CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORP, REPORT WILL BE SUBMITTED. BOSTON, NEWARK, AND WFO ADVISED.

SCHMIDT

Director, FBI (100-380609)

March 31, 1952

SAC, New York (66-6309)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

Informant advised 3/27/52 that he had called EMANUEL BLOCH on the telephone and had been advised by his wife that BLOCH was very busy, and had not made final arrangements for Informant [REDACTED] Mrs. ROSENBERG [REDACTED]

Informant stated that on 3/26/52 he visited the office of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 216 Fifth Ave., NYC. He advised that the committee still occupied room 401. He stated that in contrast to the last time he visited this office when only EUGENIA PENNINGTON was present, there were four people present. These included DAVID ALMAN, EUGENIA PENNINGTON, a girl known as OLIVE SUTILE (phonetic) and a negress about 30 years of age.

He stated that he introduced himself to DAVID ALMAN as a friend of JULIE'S and ALMAN remarked that you are the person who has been [REDACTED]. The Informant offered his services advising ALMAN that he [REDACTED] ALMAN was very happy to hear this, and told the informant that they would utilize his services in any of their future [REDACTED] ALMAN gave the subject a copy of the newspaper the "Jewish Examiner" [REDACTED] ALMAN [REDACTED] the informant for [REDACTED] for "JULIE".

cc: NY 65-15348 ✓
cc: NY 100-107111

JAH:ELS

65-15348-1966

Letter to Director
NY 66-6309

The Informant stated that the office was very busy when he visited it and great quantities of literature were pile all around the office. ALMAN gave the Informant copies of this literature, which have been previously received from other sources.

ALMAN told the Informant that they were now utilizing the services of a mailing and addressing concern to mail out their literature. ALMAN stated that it was costing them about \$15 a week for this service. He also stated that the committee was getting out a new pamphlet in the next week, and stated that he would give copies of this literature to the Informant. The Informant will make available to this office copies of the article appearing in the "Jewish Examiner".

The Informant asked ALMAN what he could do to help stating that he was engaged in his own business from nine in the morning to nine in the night, but offered to come down to the office after work. ALMAN stated that they had been trying to arrange with the landlord of the building to permit the office to remain open late in the evening, but that they had not secured permission for this. As a consequence, ALMAN stated that they were looking for new quarters. ALMAN stated that he would talk to BLOCH, and see if arrangements had been made as yet for the Informant [REDACTED] Mrs. ROSENBERG [REDACTED].

He requested that the Informant go to the office of the American Labor Party in the Bronx, and suggest that the ALP become active and support the committee. He instructed the Informant to tell the ALP officials that the committee would send necessary speakers for any meetings in this regard.

The Informant offered his services as a speaker, and suggested ALMAN advise him of the type of talk the committee desired he give. ALMAN stated that the committee had decided to stress the theory that the ROSENBERGS were prosecuted for

Letter to Director
NY 66-6309

their political beliefs, and because they were Jewish. ALMAN stated that the anti-semitic question was being forcefully presented by the committee. He stated that in any talk the question of the death penalty was not to be raised as being too harsh since it would leave the possible misunderstanding that JULIUS and ETHEL were guilty, but should have only received a jail sentence. Informant agreed to attempt to secure the services of the ALP in the Bronx.

The Informant stated that he observed a large table in the office, which was covered with envelopes, and noticed the negress opening the envelopes and taking money from them. He stated that there were large stacks of one, five and ten dollar bills covering the table, and estimated that there was more than \$1,000 on the table. He stated that he noticed a bank statement of some branch of the Chase National Bank, which showed a balance of \$3,041.50.

ALMAN advised Informant that he was leaving NY for a three week period and that during that time the Informant should get in touch with OLIVE who would instruct him on what to do.

The Bureau will be advised of future contacts with the Informant.

April 3, 1952

Federal Bureau of Investigation
U.S. Court House
Foley Square
New York, N.Y.

Gentlemen:

I found this pamphlet under the door of my
apartment.

I sincerely hope that you are keeping a close
check on activities of this nature.

Very truly yours,

William C. Chazotte
William C. Chazotte

73-62 Bell Boulevard
Bayside 64, N.Y.
Encl.

65-15348-1969

65-15348-1969

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
APR 7 - 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[Handwritten signature/initials over stamp]

New York, New York
4/2/52

MEMO:

RE: COMINFIL,
UEPWA
IS-C

Confidential Informant [REDACTED] of known reliability, advised SA RULON S. PAYNE he learned at UE National Headquarters, 11 East 51st Street, New York City, that on 3/10/52 LEON STRAUSS, International Fur and Leather Workers Union, discussed with JANE JANUS, UE employee, the possibility of attending a meeting for the convicted ROSENBERGS at the Pythian Temple, Wednesday night, March 12, 1952. JANE JANUS stated that she intends to go to the meeting as she has a vested interest in the case.

FRANCIS V. GARDNER, SA

cc: 65-15348 (JULIUS ROSENBERG ET AL)
100-13743 (LEON STRAUSS)

FVG:ETM
100-13644

65-15348-1970

8
J. H. [Signature]

65-15348

607 U. S. Court House
Foley Square,
New York 7, New York

April 4, 1952

Mr. Robert Goldman

U. S. Post Office
3rd street and 8th Avenue

Dear Sir:

In connection with an investigation being conducted by this Bureau, it is requested that a cover be placed on all mail, including special delivery and registered mail, of the following for a period of thirty days:

JULIUS COHEN, LENA COHEN
140 Baruch Place
New York 2, New York

☐ return cards

☐ tracings

Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD SCHEIDT

Special Agent in Charge

JAH:POP

65-15348-1972

New York, New York
April 8, 1958

BUREAU

DELOET

SUBJ: UNKNOWN CONSULTANT ASKAT LAM NINETEEN FORTYSIX CASE NINETEEN FORTYSIX. REMITEL MARCH THIRTYONE LAST. EXAMINATION OF RECORDS OF CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION HAS BEEN COMPLETED. LITIGATION OF ASKAT HAS COMMENCED AND WILL BE SUBMITTED AS SOON AS TRANSCRIBED. PERTINENT PORTIONS OF RECORDS OF CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION PHOTOGRAPHED AND WILL BE SUBMITTED AS ENCLOSURES TO EXPORT. REVIEW OF RECORDS REFLECT THAT BY LETTER DATED JULY EIGHT FORTYSEVEN, WILLIAM PEEL SUBMITTED TO HUGH L. COOPER AND COMPANY A REPORT WHICH IS CHARACTERIZED AS QUOTE THEORETICAL ANALYSIS AND THE CALCULATIONS THUS FAR MADE OF THE WATER BARRIER PROBLEM IN THE ASKAT LAM PLASTOCK SYSTEM^{UN} QUOTE. PEEL IDENTIFIES HIMSELF AS TECHNICAL ASSISTANT TO DR. THEODORE VON HARMAN. IT WAS NOTED THAT THE LAST PAGE OF THE ANALYSIS BEARS THE NAME S. SLUTSKY. MR. CALDWELL OF CHEMICAL CONSTRUCTION CORPORATION ADVISED SLUTSKY HAD BEEN GRADUATE STUDENT AT COLUMBIA IN FORTYSEVEN AND RECALLED THAT HE HAD PERFORMED PART OF THE WORK IN THE CALCULATIONS. HE STATED SLUTSKY WAS LATER

cc: BOSTON
NEWARK
WASHINGTON FIELD
✓ NY 65-15348
NY 65-15387
NY 65-6747
NY 65-15336

ATTN: 46
65-15384

65-15348 - 1976

NY 65-15384

PAGE TWO

EMPLOYED BY THE FIRM OF BIOT AND ARNOLD, ONE EIGHT ONE NINE
BROADWAY, NY, WELL KNOWN CONSULTING ENGINEERS. BIOT HAS BEEN
IDENTIFIED AS DR. PAULICE A. BIOT WHO PUBLISHED A BOOK ON MATHEMATICS
WITH THEODORE VON KARMAN IN NINETEEN FORTY. INDICES NYO REFLECT
ONE PAULICE A. BIOT OF FIVE ZERO ONE WEST ONE ONE THREE STREET
WAS ON MAILING LIST OF GERMAN LIBRARY OF INFORMATION AND A PERSON
OF THE SAME NAME AT TWO TWO FIVE SOUTH BONNIE AVENUE, PASADENA,
CALIF. WAS AN ALIEN ON THE TEACHING STAFF OF COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
NYC. US NAVY ADVISED IN JANUARY FIFTYTWO THAT FIRM OF BIOT AND
ARNOLD HOLD RESTRICTED NAVY CONTRACTS AND THAT LEE ARNOLD OF
SAID FIRM IS SECURITY OFFICER. RECORDS COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY REFLECT
THAT ONE SIMON FLUTSKY BORN JANUARY NINE TWENTY NY OF ONE FOUR
NINE SEVEN CARROLL STREET, BROOKLYN, ATTENDED ENGINEERING SCHOOL
SEPTEMBER FORTYSIX TO JUNE FORTYSEVEN RECEIVING MASTERS DEGREE
IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING. RECORDS OF POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE OF
BROOKLYN REFLECT SAME INDIVIDUAL ATTENDED GRADUATE SCHOOL ON
PART TIME PROGRAM IN APPLIED MECHANICS SEPTEMBER FORTYNINE TO DATE.
RECORDS CCNY REFLECT SAME INDIVIDUAL ENTERED SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY
FEBRUARY TWENTYSEVEN GRADUATING FEBRUARY FORTYONE WITH DEGREE OF
BACHELOR OF CIVIL ENGINEERING, CUM LAUDE. KNOWN ADDRESSES FOR
FLUTSKY ARE ONE EIGHT ONE ONE WATERLOO PLACE, BROOKLYN, ONE SIX NINE

NY 65-15364

PAGE THREE

NINE ZERO LOMBARD AVENUE, BRONX, AND ONE FOUR NINE SEVEN CARROLL STREET, BROOKLYN. FATHER SAMUEL SLUTSKY BORN CHEBIASS, RUSSIA, SIGN MANUFACTURER, TWO TWO THREE ONE THIRD AVENUE, NYC; MOTHER, LEHA SLUTSKY, BORN SAME PLACE RUSSIA, NOW DECEASED. RECORDS LOCAL BOARD NUMBER NINETYSIXES, BRONX, NY REFLECT SIMON SLUTSKY ONE FOUR NINE SEVEN CARROLL STREET, BROOKLYN INDUCTED DECEMBER FOUR FORTYTHREE, ARMY SERIAL NUMBER FOUR TWO ZERO FIVE NINE EIGHT THREE THREE, ATTACHED TO ONE ZERO ZERO EIGHT ENGINEERS SERVICE BATTALION. HONORABLY DISCHARGED WITH RANK OF SERGEANT MAY ELEVEN FORTYSIX. SAW SERVICE EUROPEAN, AFRICAN, MIDDLE EASTERN CAMPAIGNS. NYC INDICES REFLECT THAT ONE SIMON SLUTSKY, ONE FOUR NINE SEVEN CARROLL STREET, BROOKLYN WAS A MEMBER OF PARCELS OF NOVEMBER EIGHT FORTYTHREE AND WAS DELEGATE TO CONGRESS OF AMERICAN SOVIET FRIENDSHIP PARTICIPATING IN TRADE UNION PARCELS. INDICES FURTHER REFLECT THAT SIMON SLUTSKY, ONE FOUR NINE SEVEN CARROLL STREET SENT COMMUNICATIONS IN FORTYTHREE TO GOVERNOR DEWEY URGING RELEASE OF MORRIS D. SCHAPIRO. WAGE, NY WILL INTERVIEW MAURICE A. BIGT, LEO ARKOLD AND SIMON SLUTSKY AFTER INSTANT REPORT HAS BEEN SUBMITTED.

SCHWIDT

New York, N.Y.
April 11, 1952

MEMO:

RE: J.A.F.R.C.
IS - C

By attached report dated 3/9/52, [REDACTED] advised that he attended a rally sponsored by the J.A.F.R.C. on 3/5/52, at the Hotel Capitol, 51 Street and 6th Ave, New York, N.Y. Approximately 600 people attended.

JOHN H. KLEINKAUF, SA

cc: NY [REDACTED] 3809

[REDACTED] -61206

65-15348

65-15348

100-47142

[REDACTED] -84275

100-80675

(P&C)

([REDACTED] KAUFMAN)

(DR. MARK STRAUS)

(REV. REGINALD H. BASS)

(CLIFFORD CAMERON)

(HOWARD FAST)

(JULIUS ROSENBERG)

(ETHEL ROSENBERG)

(UNITED MAY DAY COMM.)

(EDWARD K. BARSKY)

(WILLIAM L. PATTERSON)

(C.R.C.)

(STEVE NELSON)

(BETTY SANDERS)

65-15348-1977

JHK:DAM
100-3642

C O P Y

REPORT COVERING 3/5/52; JOINT ANTI-FASCIST REFUGEE
RALLY:

This captioned evening Informant covered meeting of The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee held at the Hotel Capitol, 51st Street and 8th Avenue, New York, New York.

There were appx. 600 persons present. The meeting was scheduled to start at 8:00 P.M. but actually started about 8:45 P.M. Informant left about [REDACTED] and the movie was apparently about [REDACTED]

A SUBJECT named KAUFMAN (Phonetic spelling) who said he was EXECUTIVE SECRETARY of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee (Hereinafter called COMMITTEE) introduced the Chairman of the meeting.

The Chairman was a Doctor MARK STRAUS (M.D.) who was said (By KAUFMAN) to have worked as a Medical Officer in Spain with the forces of "The Republic of Spain". This person is a practicing physician in NYC.

STRAUS gave the three major purposes of this meeting: They were (1) To oppose an alliance between the United States and GENERALISSIMO FRANCO of Spain; (2) To fight to reverse the death sentences handed out by a Spanish military Court to 27 Working Class leaders in Barcelona, Spain; and (3) To keep the Fascist Mayors from Spain (Madrid), Greece and Turkey from being invited as guests of the City of New York.

The first speaker introduced was a "Reverend" REGINALD H. BASS pastor of the Center or Central Church.

BASS said that under FRANCO, the Spanish Government persecutes all religions except the Catholic Church which has made a pact with FRANCO. He said the United States was in league with the Catholic Church to take over all of Europe.

He quoted at length from a book entitled, (approximately) "JUNGLE DIPLOMACY" which was authored by a former State Department Secretary and which was published at The University

of North Carolina. From this book, he reportedly found that the United States had been responsible for the rise of Nazism in Germany. A correct evaluation of his presentation would be to state that he quoted with complete approval and agreement various things. For example, he said that back in World War I or during THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S term as President of USA, the U.S. and Korea has a Mutual Assistance Pact with each other. Japan was wanting to invade Korea, but was afraid to go in because of fear of the USA. He said that President ROOSEVELT (TED) sent word to the Japanese that they could move in, and that he would not interfere. He gave numerous examples supposed to show this same "baseness on the part of the U.S. Diplomacy".

~~BASS~~ said that quite some years ago, the so-called CHRISTIANS were to have gone out on a Holy Crusade against some heretics. He said that President TRUMAN should take note that God was against these Christians and with the so-called heretics. He said that there was some little effort to make the Korean War into some sort of Holy War.

Finally, he said (and each speaker used this statement in one form or another) that a Pact with Spain's FRANCO would be a Pact for War.

The next speaker was Mr. CLIFFORD CAMERON, Business Agent for Local #475 of the United Electrical Workers Union. (As introduced)

CAMERON gave the Labor angle toward FRANCO. He said that FRANCO had made labor unions illegal in Spain. He said despite the repressions in Barcellona, Spain, recently, there was held a big strike. To break this up, he said, FRANCO sent four battleships, regiments of troops, tanks, etc. against the poor workers. After this reign of terror, twenty-seven working class leaders reportedly were seized and tried before a military Tribunal and sentenced to death. This we must try to stop by protests to our state dept and the Spanish Gov't. He also condemned generally the Smith and McCarran Acts as hurting working class.

Next speaker was speaker HOWARD FAST. FAST had as major purpose the collection of funds. However, he made a speech prior to his money-pitch.

FAST said that we saw everywhere Fascism arising. He said we should all recall that in Greece recently the Greek-U.S. puppet Gov't tried and sentenced to death some working class leaders they called spies. These working class leaders were charged with passing information to the Soviet Union. One of the women sentenced to death said "I am glad I did it, and I did this for my country."

Now, said FAST, we have the same situation in the U.S.A. The ROSENBERGS were framed on foolish, insufficient evidence. Then, the Justice Department offered them a deal. The Dep't of Justice said, "We will offer you your lives now, if you will just lie and say that your spying activities were ordered by the top leadership of the Communist Party." The ROSENBERGS turned this down flatly, said FAST.

Now, FAST went on to tell what a marvelous task the COMMITTEE had done. He said that the Republic's Spanish refugees had fled into France when FRANCO had won. There, he said the COMMITTEE had erected hospitals, etc. to help these valiant fighters. Now, however, we find Fascists being invited to the City of New York as guests of the City and Mayor. He said that IMPELLITERI had invited the Mayor of Madrid, who was appointed by FRANCO against the will of the peoples; mayors also from Turkey and Greece, both Fascist countries. This we will not stand for.

FAST said that "when we went to see Mayor IMPELLITERI last year as the May Day Committee", after our application for a permit to parade for peace and freedom was rejected, the Mayor threatened us. The Mayor said that he was turning us down, and that this was final. We told him that whether he gave us a permit or not, we would have our parade. Then, the Mayor told us that things would really be rough. We told him again that we would hold this rally and parade and that any bloodshed that would result would be on his head.

Today, he said, we again tell the Mayor and everyone else publicly that "regardless of the means necessary, the Mayors of Greece, Spain, and Turkey shall not enter New York City". As in the May Day situation, he said, the consequences must be faced by Mayor IMPELLITERI.

Finally, he plugged the 5 Power Peace Pact, bemoaned the fate of the "Victims of the Smith and McCarran Acts, and damned the House Unamerican Committee.

He said to give all you could spare, as it would be used to finance the keeping out of Fascists from NYC.

It was announced that about \$821.00 was collected.

The next speaker was a Doctor EDWARD K. BARSKY, who was said to have been Chairman of the JAFRC for about ten years and imprisoned by the Unamerican Committee as was FAST.

~~He gave about the same theme as the rest.~~ Anti-FRANCO; A Pact with FRANCO means war. Fascism is almost here in the USA. We must fight to free the 27 Barcelona strikers, and must keep the mayors of Fascist Countries, supra, out of NYC.

BARSKY was greeted by a standing ovation as was no one else except WILLIAM PATTERSON of CRC.

Next speaker was WILLIAM L. PATTERSON of the CRC. Before his speech, it was announced that STEVE NELSON would not be there, as he was too sick to make the trip.

PATTERSON got off on the alliance between FRANCO and some people in USA. He said that FRANCO had an alliance with some Americans, but not all. He said, "We have our allies too. I am allied with Great New China and the peace forces." He said these Peace forces comprised 3/5 of the world. He also said, "The North Koreans are also my allies". He said that the U.S. had clearly invaded the country of the poor Koreans and were laying waste to their land and homes and people. He said that anyone who opposes this FRANCO-U.S.A. gang is his ally.

He called to an end for the McCarran and Smith Acts and a fight for Peace-usual C.P. Line. He said that the trials under the Smith Act were signs of growing Fascism in the U.S.A.

He said that with this Fascism, the entire American people were in danger. That the next target of the Fascists would be the Negro people, they now being involved with the Communists.

Next, was to be the Jews attacked.

Next various resolutions were passed and to be sent to State Dep't, etc. Usual line. Also a comradely message to the 27 W. Cl. leaders, in Barcelona from the Committee.

All organizations were irged to send delegations to Mayor's office protesting coming of Spain's Mayor of Madrid.

Finally, there was shown the film PEACE WILL WIN. Entertainment had been given throughout the evening (7 different songs. One a fighting song and the other group a selection from the songs of the Lincoln Brigade.) by BETTY SANDERS and it was announced that she was also in the Peace film.

No further investigative activity not reported on in other reports, thus this report closed.

65-15348

607 U.S. Court House
Foley Square
New York 7, New York

May 3, 1952

Mr. Robert Goldman

U.S. Post Office
33rd St. & 8th Ave.
New York 1, N.Y.
Dear Sir:

In connection with an investigation being conducted by this Bureau, it is requested that a cover be placed on all mail, including special delivery and registered mail, of the following for a period of thirty days:

JULI'S COHEN, LENA COHEN
140 Baruch Place
New York 2, N.Y.

☒ return cards

☐ tracings

Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

ES
EDWARD SCHEIDT

Special Agent in Charge

JH:JM

65-15348-1984

Director, FBI

May 3, 1952

SAC, New York (65-15384)

UNKNOWN SUBJECT; Unknown
Consultant at Aswan Dam,
Egypt, 1946-1949
ESPIONAGE - R

DAVID GREENGLASS was interviewed at Lewisburg Penitentiary, Pennsylvania, on May 1 and 2, 1952.

GREENGLASS recalled that in the latter half of March, 1948, he and JULIUS ROSENBERG had lunch at his mother's house at 64 Sheriff Street, New York City. While returning to the Pitt Machine Products, Inc., DAVID asked JULIUS for money, explaining that he had many personal expenses to meet. JULIUS told him that he had just borrowed quite a large sum of money from a friend and he hesitated to again ask for money. DAVID asked him how he could obtain credit since he had no resources. JULIUS told him that his friend made a good salary at his regular Government job and was also a consultant. JULIUS explained that this man did not worry about money because he could always pick up money on the side as a consultant. He told DAVID that this consultant "just recently came back from flying to Egypt on a dam project where he made \$200 a day and expenses." In reply to questions by DAVID, JULIUS said that he did not know this consultant from City College and that DAVID did not know him from Polytech. He told DAVID that he met this consultant "from the Federation," apparently referring to the FAECT.

DAVID asked, "How can he be a consultant and work for the Government at the same time?"

JULIUS replied "that he (the consultant) got leave to do the consulting job."

DAVID asked JULIUS what the consultant had done during the war, and JULIUS replied that it was immaterial.

cc: Cleveland (M. SIDOROVICH - 65-2728)

cc: NY 65-15380

65-15336

65-15348

65-15387

65-6747

JAH:ms

65-15348-1985

Letter to Director, FBI
NY 65-15384

DAVID now stated that at no time did ROSENBERG tell him that his consultant friend was an engineer, but that he, DAVID, believed this to be a fact since he considered a man working on a dam to be a civil engineer.

Thereafter, JULIUS gave DAVID three \$20 bills and a week or so later gave him two \$20 bills.

When ROSENBERG gave DAVID the first money, DAVID asked "You were able to get the money from your friend?" JULIUS replied "that this consultant friend agreed to tide me over until I make contact again with the Russians."

DAVID stated that it is his recollection that JULIUS was out of contact with his Russian superiors on two occasions--in the spring of 1948 and again in the spring of 1949, during the time that JUDITH COPLON had been arrested.

DAVID stated that he told his brother, BERNARD, that JULIUS had money and suggested that BERNARD also ask JULIUS for a loan.

It is noted that DAVID'S statement is that he fixes the time when JULIUS first gave him money that JULIUS borrowed from his consultant friend by fixing the time that RUTH was injured, when his insurance bill came due, and when his income tax payments were due. He stated that it was his recollection that these three events occurred in 1948. He stated that it could also be 1949, and that RUTH would be in a position to clarify the foregoing because it was she who was injured.

DAVID further recalled that in June, 1949, JULIUS gave him \$800, telling him to take his wife and child to the country for the summer. DAVID places this occasion in June of 1948 because it was shortly before his second cousin, JULIUS LEWIS, had died. At the time he received the \$800, JULIUS told him that the Russians wanted DAVID

Letter to Director, FBI
NY 65-15384

to continue his education either at MIT or at the University of Chicago so that he could again be in the company of those scientists with whom he had worked at Los Alamos, and thus be in a position to obtain current information on nuclear developments.

DAVID recalls that on Friday, July 2, 1948, JULIUS came to the shop in the morning and told DAVID that he had to leave early in the afternoon, but made no other explanation. DAVID stated that he and his family left for Monticello on July 3, and he did not return until the evening of July 5.

Concerning this trip, DAVID recalls that he rented a private taxicab to drive him and his family to the country. He recalled that JULIUS left the shop about 2:30 the Friday before the July 4th weekend (July 2), and that within 15 minutes or a half hour after JULIUS left the shop he closed up the shop and went home to prepare packing for his trip.

DAVID also recalled that either before or after the July 4th weekend MIKE SIDOROVICH came to the Pitt Machine Products shop looking for JULIUS, and DAVID told MIKE that JULIUS was out. DAVID could not further recollect the circumstances of this visit.

It is noted that, while discussing with DAVID the details of his trip to the country, it was he who suddenly recalled that MIKE SIDOROVICH had come to the shop looking for JULIUS. DAVID was thoroughly questioned in an attempt to pin down the date and time of this visit and the reason for his association of the visit with this particular weekend, but he could recall no further details except that he believed that MIKE told him that his wife, ANN, was also in the city and that she was either visiting her family or MIKE'S family.

DAVID stated that he was not in contact with JULIUS on this weekend, nor did JULIUS tell him how he had spent the July 4th weekend.

Letter to Director, FBI
NY 65-15384

DAVID further recalled that in March, 1949, at the time of his father's death, ROSENBERG also gave him money to pay for his share of his father's grave.

RUTH and BERNARD GREENGLASS will be interviewed concerning the foregoing, and a report will be submitted setting forth in detail the entire interview with DAVID GREENGLASS and subsequent interviews with RUTH and BERNARD.

DAVID stated that he had the impression that the consultant friend of JULIUS ROSENBERG was older than himself and probably around JULIUS' age or slightly older. He is certain that JULIUS never told him what kind of work for the Government this friend was engaged in.

After the interviews of RUTH and BERNARD GREENGLASS, an analysis of the foregoing as it pertains to WILLIAM PERL and Dr. THEODORE VON KARMAN will be submitted.

New York, N. Y.
5/7/52

MEMO

RE: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
IS-R

██████████ Made available copy of telegram 4/28/52 advising
\$3,000 needed to meet costs of \$12,000 to file ROSENBERG-SOBELL
appeal, together with names and address to which telegram sent.

Made available to SA THOMAS A. POWERS, 4/28/52.

Following is copy of telegram and names to which sent:

"44 PD 7 EXTRA

APR 28 52

WE ARE THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS SHORT OF TWELVE THOUSAND NEEDED FOR
MAY FIRST CHECK FOR SUPREME COURT FOR ROSENBERG SOBELL APPEAL URGE
SPECIAL ATTEMPT RAISE FIVE HUNDRED TO THOUSAND DOLLARS IN LOANS OR
CONTRIBUTIONS BY APRIL 30TH

DAVID ALMAN ROSENBERG COMMITTEE
246 Fifth Avenue NEW YORK 1 NY

MUR 4 7140

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN
ROSENBERG CASE 246 5TH AVE NYC"

FR R 279

RITA OCHMANN
JOSEPHINE NORDSTRAND
JOHN GILMAN
IRENE PAULL
HELEN GORDON
ROSE LEOPOLD
MARY FERGUSON
SOPHIE DAYTONSON
MILTON BURMAN
JANE HOPES
MORRIS GIEICHER
JOHN STONE
FRED PUTASHNI
MILTON BATES

10703 ASHBURY	CLEVE
CIVIL RIGHTS CONGRESS	914 NORTH PLANKINGTON MILW
2209 NORTH HUBBARD	MILW
1508 RUSSEL NORTH	MILW
2196 SOUTH ASH	DVR
4506 SOUTH WEST KELLY	PORTLAND ORG
1225 GOODFELLOW	STL
515 WEST 41 PIACE	LCSA
35 LONDON COURT	CIN
398 BROADWAY	NRLNS
2605 STURTEVANT	DET
2901 18th ST NW	WASHDC
400 NORTH FIRST AVE	MPLS
4210 CLARKDALE ROAD	BALTO

JOHN A. HARRINGTON, SA

cc: 65-15348 ✓
100-107111
JAH:HC
100-3715E

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 7 1952	
FBI - NEW YORK	

McH

100-107111-1908

Director, FBI

May 14, 1952

SAC, New York (65-14920)

JAHAM

On May 12, 1952, Federal Judge THOMAS F. MURPHY made available to this office an attachment to a letter he received from WHITTAKER CHAMBERS. This attachment is written on the stationery of BENJAMIN MANDEL, 3101 Pennsylvania Avenue, S. E., Washington 20, D. C. The letter is directed to WHITTAKER CHAMBERS and states as follows:

May 6, 1952

Mr. Whittaker Chambers
Pipe Creek Farm
Westminster, Maryland

Dear Whit:

Here is an excerpt from a letter sent by Rebecca West of England to a friend of mine. It may interest you.

'I met David Higham, the agent who opened his files to the mysterious lady who found therein information about Whittaker Chambers which figures on the application for a retrial. He is an offensive and evasive smarty type, and when I asked him about this he was most uneasy; and during lunch spoke warmly of Alan Moorhead, an Australian or New Zealand, journalist, who is strongly suspected of having a Communist background, and is writing or has written a book that is going to be virtually a defense of Fuchs. I had a feeling that this was a very shady customer.'

Sincerely,

/s/ Ben Mandel*

TGS:RAA

cc - NY 65-15348

cc - NY 65-15136

*See articles by Moorhead in
Sat Eve Post
issued 5/11/52*

65-15348-1990A

Director, FBI (100-330609)

May 21, 1952

SAC, New York (66-6309)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

The informant advised on May 15, 1952, that during the month of April he had visited the offices of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case about [REDACTED]

The informant stated that on May 12, 1952, he [REDACTED] the office and spoke with DAVE ALMAN. He advised that ALMAN apparently did not know the informant's background and he questioned him concerning his relationship with ROSENBERG and how he came to know him. The informant told ALMAN that he had become quite friendly while they were together in the [REDACTED]. ALMAN discussed ROSENBERG'S case and stated that it was his opinion that the whole thing was a frame-up. He told the informant that he did not believe that DAVID GREENGLASS had ever committed any espionage on behalf of the Soviets but believes that DAVID had stolen some material from Los Alamos for some Generals in the United States Army. ALMAN said that to cover himself and the Generals, GREENGLASS made up the story about stealing the information about the Atom Bomb and so involved JULIUS and ETHEL ROSENBERG.

The informant stated that ALMAN made these statements with a straight face and seemed to be believing what he was saying.

The informant further stated that ALMAN said that he "heard" that RUTH GREENGLASS was running around a bit and suggested to the informant that he, ALMAN, arrange an introduction of informant to RUTH so that he might make her acquaintance. The informant stated that he agreed to do whatever ALMAN requested him to do, but that ALMAN did not explain the purpose of his meeting RUTH GREENGLASS. The informant believes that ALMAN meant that, after the informant made RUTH'S acquaintance, he could probably get from her the whole story of JULIUS and ETHEL.

1- NY 65-15348 ✓
1- NY 100-107111

JAH:ms

65-15348-1993

Letter to Bureau
NY 66-6309

ALMAN told the informant that they had collected the \$12,000 necessary to print the record and the briefs for the appeal of the ROSENBERGS and SODERL in the Supreme Court.

On May 2, 1952, the informant had been [REDACTED] MANUEL BLOCH at 270 Broadway, New York City. [REDACTED] the brief of BLOCH [REDACTED] was used on his motion for reargument in the Circuit Court of Appeals. The informant stated that [REDACTED] BLOCH'S office [REDACTED] rief [REDACTED] made [REDACTED] that night, [REDACTED] brief [REDACTED] BLOCH'S office the following day.

The informant made available to this office a [REDACTED] The informant also made available a photostatic copy of the article in the "Jewish Examiner" for March 14, 1952, of which [REDACTED] It is noted that this article is entitled, "He Should Have Gone to the Talmud" and is by Rabbi LOUIS D. GROSS. The informant inserted in his photostatic copy of this article a card which reads, "For further information, write to: National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 246 Fifth Avenue, New York, MU 5-2144. This article has been reported in both the ROSENBERG case and the case of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and is an attack on Judge IRVING R. KAUFMAN.

The informant advised that MANUEL BLOCH called him on the morning of May 15, 1952, during his absence. The informant expected to be in touch with BLOCH either on the 17th or 18th of May.

Further contacts with the informant will be reported.

The informant [REDACTED] of the article by Rabbi GROSS in the "Jewish Examiner," and [REDACTED] brief of the motion for reargument. The informant has not

Letter to Bureau
NY 66-6309

been paid by the National Committee to Secure Justice in
the Rosenberg Case.

It is recommended for the Bureau's consideration
that the informant be paid \$100 to compensate him for
expenses incurred and services rendered and as an incentive
for him to continue his cooperation with this office.

NEW YORK, NEW YORK
MAY 26, 1952

BUREAU.....URGENT

CRC, IS DASH C. DAYLET. NY THREE EIGHT FOUR S ADVISED TODAY
THAT CRC IS TAKING ACTIVE ROLE IN ROSENBERG CASE. CRC WILL ISSUE
PRESS RELEASE TOMORROW, MAY TWENTY SEVEN CRITICIZING AMERICAN CIVIL
LIBERTIES UNION AND AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS FOR DOING NOTHING ABOUT
CASE. CRC WILL URGE THESE ORGANIZATIONS TO INTERVENE IN COURT FOR
NEW TRIAL. IN ITS PRESS RELEASE, CRC WILL REFER TO CONVICTION OF
ROSENBERG'S AS "ANTI-SEMITIC DEATH SENTENCE AND FRAME-UP OF
INNOCENT JEWISH PARENTS." CRC WILL ALLEGE THAT GOVERNMENT AT
ROSENBERG TRIAL SAW TO IT THAT JEWISH PEOPLE WERE EXCLUDED FROM JURY.

SCHEIDT

CC: NY 65- (ROSENBERG)
NY 66-6376 (P & C)

Julius Rosenberg
65-15348

JWD: CW(#7)
100-60675

65-15348-1994

65-15348

607 U. S. Court House
Foley Square
New York 7, New York

June 2, 1952

Mr. George Bragalini

U. S. Post Office
33rd Street & 8th Avenue
New York 1, N. Y.

Dear Sir:

In connection with an investigation being conducted by this Bureau, it is requested that a cover be placed on all mail, including special delivery and registered mail, of the following for a period of thirty days: renewed

JULIUS COHEN
LENA COHEN
140 Baruch Place
New York 2, N. Y.

☒ return cards

☐ tracings

Your cooperation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Very truly yours,

EDWARD SCHEIDT

Special Agent in Charge

JH:??

65-15348-1995X

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FORM No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK, N. Y.

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.	DATE WHEN MADE MAY 28 1952	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 5-9-52	REPORT MADE BY WILBERT H. KEHE
TITLE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE			CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - C

SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case established at meeting in San Francisco April 27, 1952. Affiliation with National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case apparent from literature distributions and contributions to National Committee. LEONARD HARRIS, Chairman, is a member of "Vets for Peace" and active in Civil Rights Congress affairs. ELIZABETH STABLES, Secretary, is a member. Series of meetings in San Francisco Bay Area addressed by WILLIAM A. REUBEN, "National Guardian" reporter, raised funds for National Committee and purchase of literature. San Francisco Committee is attempting to obtain mailing address which is not the home of CP member to prevent association of the "progressive movement" behind the ROSENBERG campaign. National Committee reportedly is endeavoring to raise a minimum of \$12,000 to secure witnesses from New Mexico against GREENGLASS and to send REUBEN to Europe to obtain possible witnesses.

- P -

SECURITY INFORMATION - ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROVED AND FORWARDED:	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		65-15348-1915
COPIES OF THIS REPORT		
6 - Bureau (REG.) (4) - New York (100-107111) (1 - 65-15348) 3 - San Francisco (100-35117) (1 - 65-4219)		

PROPERTY OF FBI—This confidential report and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and are not to be distributed outside of agency to which loaned.

SF 100-35117

DETAILS: AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA:

I. ORIGIN, SCOPE AND GENERAL ACTIVITIES

The "Daily People's World" newspaper on April 21, 1952, page 6, column 5, contained an article entitled, "ROSENBERG Case Expert Due in San Francisco", which reported that WILLIAM A. REUBEN, the newspaper reporter who almost singlehandedly exposed the injustices of the ROSENBERG case, would appear in San Francisco April 27 under the auspices of the recently organized San Francisco Provisional Committee to Secure Justice for ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG.

The article reported that headquarters of the newly organized Provisional San Francisco Committee were at 760 Hayes Street, San Francisco. REUBEN was identified as former Public Relations Director for the American Civil Liberties Union and Press Reporter for the "National Guardian".

The "Daily People's World" on April 22, 1952, page 6, columns 4 and 5, contained an article entitled "Reporter Speaks Sunday on ROSENBERG Case", which reported that the Provisional Committee at the meeting on April 27, 1952, would propose that the organization be made permanent.

The "Daily People's World" on April 25, 1952, page 3, column 5, contained an article entitled, "ROSENBERG Meeting at New Hall", which reported that the April 27, 1952, meeting would be held at the Macedonia Baptist Church, 2135 Sutter Street, San Francisco. The article also reported that the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case had issued an emergency appeal for \$12,000 before May 1, 1952, to meet mandatory Supreme Court costs.

San Francisco [redacted] of known reliability, advised on April 28, 1952, that the meeting sponsored by the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case at Macedonia Baptist Church, San Francisco, on April 27, 1952, was attended by approximately 300 persons. WILLIAM REUBEN, principal speaker, spoke at length on the Rosenberg case and followed closely the text contained in "The Rosenberg Case", a fact sheet published by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and "To Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case", written by REUBEN himself.

REUBEN alleged that the prosecution failed to show that the ROSENBERGS were Communists and declared that the ROSENBERGS were ordinary folks and not leaders of any political, social or economic movements. At

this meeting pledges were obtained of \$245.00 and over \$450.00 in cash was raised in a collection.

The "Daily People's World" on April 29, 1952, page 3, columns 4 and 5, reported that WILLIAM A. REUBEN would speak on the subject, "The Rosenberg Case and Our Civil Liberties" at the Fellowship of Humanity Hall, 441 28th Street, Oakland, on April 29, 1952, at 8:00 P. M.

The "Daily People's World" newspaper on May 2, 1952, page 10, column 1, contained an article entitled, "REUBEN to Speak on ROSENBERGS in Mill Valley", which reported that WILLIAM REUBEN had agreed to speak on the ROSENBERG case on the night of Saturday, May 3, 1952, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. PETER DREYFUS, 87 Oakdale, Mill Valley. It should be noted that Mr. and Mrs. PETER DREYFUS have been identified as [redacted] members by San Francisco [redacted] and [redacted] respectively.

San Francisco [redacted] advised on May 6, 1952, that a meeting of the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case took place at the home of JULIUS and ROSE KELLER, 535 14th Avenue, San Francisco, on May 6, 1952, which meeting was open to only those individuals who received invitations. This meeting was attended by JULIUS and ROSE KELLER, ELIZABETH STABLES, SYLVIA STEINGART, Dr. ASHER GORDON, LILLIAN GORDON, BARBARA HIRSHFELDER and several other unidentified individuals.

At this meeting it was reported in excess of \$9,000 had been collected in the East on behalf of the ROSENBERGS but that efforts would continue to collect as much money as possible because the Rosenberg Committee expected to get six or seven witnesses from New Mexico to testify against GREENGLASS and also to send WILLIAM REUBEN to Europe to get other witnesses if possible.

Announcement was made that 3,000 notices were sent out for the April 27, 1952 meeting and that only about 300 persons attended. Another announcement was made that the San Francisco Committee proposed to prepare a letterhead and was contemplating approaching prominent Jewish individuals in the San Francisco Bay Area for the purpose of obtaining sponsors. Another announcement was made that a survey showed there were approximately 37,000 Jewish people in San Francisco, and an effort would be made to obtain a mailing list of these individuals in order that they might be sent a copy of "The Jewish Voice", a publication of Los Angeles which praised the original ROSENBERG meeting.

It should be noted that of the individuals in attendance at this meeting, JULIUS and ROSE KELLER have been identified as [REDACTED] members by San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability; SYLVIA [REDACTED] has been identified as [REDACTED] member by San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability; Dr. ASHER GORDON has been identified as a [REDACTED] member by San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability; and LILLIAN GORDON has been identified as a [REDACTED] member by San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability.

II. OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

San Francisco [REDACTED] has advised that LEONARD HARRIS is the Chairman of the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case and ELIZABETH STABLES is the Secretary of the organization.

It should be noted that San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability, has advised that HARRIS is a member of the "Vets for Peace", a Communist dominated organization in San Francisco, and San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability, has reported that HARRIS is active in the Civil Rights Congress.

It should be noted further that the Civil Rights Congress has been declared by the Attorney General of the United States to be a subversive organization within the purview of Executive Order 9835.

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability, has identified ELIZABETH STABLES as a [REDACTED] member.

San Francisco [REDACTED] also advised on April 28, 1952, that the following individuals were in attendance at the April 27, 1952 meeting, at which time the San Francisco Committee was established:

<u>Individual</u>	Identified as a [REDACTED] member by:	
JOSEPHINE BILLINGS	[REDACTED]	26 27
CHARLES R. GARRY	[REDACTED]	28 29
LEONARD POCKMAN	San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability	30
DAVID SILVER	San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability	31

IndividualIdentified as [REDACTED]
Member by:

PAULINE SILVER [REDACTED] 3

RUBY RUDEN

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 4

PEGGY SARASCHN

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 5

EDWARD TAYLOR

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 6

DAVID JENKINS [REDACTED] 7

JOE PASSEN [REDACTED] 8

RUTH PASSEN

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 9

IRENE MILLER

San Francisco [REDACTED], of known reliability 10

Dr. HOLLAND ROBERTS

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 11

JOE ENOS

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability 12

ALVAH BESSIE

(Member of the Hollywood 10) 13
14

San Francisco [REDACTED] advised on May 6, 1952, that SYLVIA STEINGART, 15
identified above as [REDACTED] member, is a leader of the activities 16
of the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. 17

III. SUBVERSIVE RAMIFICATIONS 18A. CONNECTIONS WITH THE COMMUNIST PARTY 19

As noted above, numerous individuals in attendance at the or- 20
ganizational meeting have been identified as [REDACTED] members. 21

San Francisco [REDACTED] of known reliability, advised on April 23, 22
1952, that the Capitol Book Store, 8th and I Streets, Sacramento, (suc- 23
cessor to the Communist Book Store), operated by the Literature Director 24

of the Communist Party of Sacramento County, distributed the pamphlet by WILLIAM A. REUBEN entitled, "To Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case".

[redacted] advised on May 17, 1952, that the San Francisco Committee was endeavoring to obtain a mailing address in San Francisco which is not known to be the residence of a Communist Party member so that "the FBI cannot trace the progressive movement behind the ROSENBERG Committee". [redacted] also advised that the East Bay Area had formed a committee on behalf of the ROSENBERGS and that the East Bay and the San Francisco committees would be combined.

B. IMPLEMENTATION OF COMMUNIST PARTY LINE

[redacted] on April 24, 1952, furnished a copy of a mimeographed throw-away distributed by the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, advertising the April 27, 1952 meeting. The throw-away alleged that all Americans should be concerned with the case of ETHEL and JULIUS ROSENBERG because (1) due process of law was denied; (2) hysteria and intimidation were deliberately, ingeniously and cynically employed by the press, the prosecution, the Judge and the government itself; (3) no evidence whatsoever supported the conviction; and (4) anti-Semitism flows through the entire case and has been recognized and denounced by Rabbi GEORGE FOX in "The Sentinel", by SAMUEL B. GACH in the "California Jewish Voice"; and by LOUIS D. GROSS, publisher of the "Jewish Examiner".

The San Francisco Committee also issued a fact sheet urging the following action:

1. Communications to President Truman and the United States Attorney General requesting that they take steps to reverse the verdicts and death sentences in the ROSENBERG case.
2. Activity in unions, churches and fraternal organizations to secure a discussion of the ROSENBERG case.
3. Wide distribution of the fact sheet.
4. Support of the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the ROSENBERG Case.

SF 100-35117

[REDACTED] advised on May 5, 1952, that the San Francisco Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case obviously is affiliated with the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, because the distribution of literature prepared by the latter organization and contributions are sent from the San Francisco Committee to the National Committee.

- P E N D I N G -

ADMINISTRATIVE PAGE

LEADS:

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE,
At San Francisco, California:

Will continue to follow the activities of the local committee.

SOURCES:

San Francisco T-1. [REDACTED] to SA LEO F. TULLY

San Francisco T-2. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-3. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-4. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-5. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-6. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-7. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-8. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-9. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-10. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-11. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-12. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-13. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-14. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-15. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-16. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-17. [REDACTED]

SF 100-35117 - ADMINISTRATIVE

San Francisco T-18. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-19. [REDACTED]

San Francisco T-20. [REDACTED] to SA EDWIN P. PARK

REFERENCE: Report of Special Agent JOHN A. HARRINGTON dated March 7,
1952 at New York City
Letter to Bureau from New York dated March 7, 1952.

New York, N. Y.
June 2, 1952

MR. TOLSON
MR. E. A. TAMM
MR. CLEGG
MR. GLAVIN
MR. LADD
MR. NICHOLS
MR. ROSEN
MR. TRACY
MR. HARBO
MR. MOHR
MR. WINTERROWD
TELE. ROOM
MR. HOLLOMAN
MISS GANDY

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MEMORANDUM:

At 2:30 PM I received a call from Mr. CLEVELAND at the Bureau, in which he stated that no comment should be made in the event inquiries are received from the press concerning the article in the newspaper setting forth remarks made by U. S. Attorney MYLES LANE at the annual communion breakfast of the 105th Regiment of the National Guard on June 1.

I also talked to Mr. HENNRICH and advised him I had received a call from U. S. Attorney Lane. Mr. Lane stated he had been misquoted by the newspaper; that he did not say the secret had been stolen. He did make reference to the testimony of DAVID GREENGLASS as to what ROSENBERG told GREENGLASS on the "sky platforms." ROSENBERG supposedly told GREENGLASS he had been working on a "sky platform" deal.

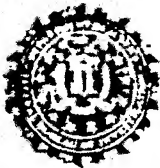
Mr. HENNRICH inquired if any press inquiries had been received. I told him there was an inquiry from the Herald Tribune on June 1, to which no comment was made; that this morning's paper stated no comment could be obtained yesterday from the New York Office of the FBI about Mr. Lane's remarks.

Rose Dany
Please show to me
JMA
ES:SLM

EDWARD SCHEIDT
SAC

65-15348-1995B

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI - NEW YORK	
<i>Harrington</i>	



**Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice**

FD-71
(7-30-45)



IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO
FILE NO. _____

COMPLAINT FORM

MARIAM CELNICK
ABEL CELNICK or **SELNICK**

Subject's Name and Aliases

32 floor

3317 Rochambeau Ave. Bronx
Address of Subject

Character of Case

CLARA CESTARO

Name of Complainant

3317 Rochambeau Ave, Bronx
Address of Complainant

2L 5-2764
Telephone Number of Complainant

5/28/52 10:30 am
Date and Time Complaint Received

DESCRIPTION OF SUBJECT: *ABEL: 5'8"-7" : 150-160 : mustache : Brown*

eyes & hair slightly balding - thick glasses.

MARIAM: 5'7"-3" : light brown hair : waist plates : 120-130 :

FACTS OF COMPLAINT: *Compl. invt advised that report questioned her 2-3 years ago concerning subject at which time she stated she knew nothing concerning same. She stated that she did not desire to become involved but now that her son is in the armed forces she feels it to be her duty to tell what she knows.*

Complainant advised that ABEL is employed as a technician or engineer in an engineering

ACTION RECOMMENDED BY AGENT:

For information & purposes

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Jaffarian
Special Agent

Telephone call to Compt. no value yet

from Manhattan (unknown) and that Marian
is a housewife. She stated that subjects were
communists and that they received visitors at all
hours of the day and night and that many visitors
have out of state licenses on their cars. She
advised that about 2-3 years ago she recalls
Julius and Ethel Rosenberg + their two children
visiting subjects. Also, complainant advised that
during the same period Eugene Dennis would
frequent subjects apartment. She further stated
subjects owned a farm in upstate New York.
Complainant stated subjects have several
machines in their apartment - and so paper would
be for the Communist Party.

She advised that she would give further
details if agents wished to call personally and
stated that she offered to talk over the telephone.
If agents desire to visit her she suggested that
they call on a Sunday morning or in the
evening after 8:00 pm.